Medical.

UNFORTUNATE.
CURES, NEW REMEDIES
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BRIDAL CHAMBER

ARK'S LONDON REMEDIES
SPECIAL COM

Morning Oregonian.

VOL XI. PORTLAND, OREGON, TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 21, 1871. NO. 40

The Daily Oregonian.

JERRY L. FITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY OREGONIAN is published every morning except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 25 cents a week. Single copies, 10 cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the States at $10 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $3 for three months. Less than one month at regular rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN containing a selection of the most valuable matter in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the United States at $3 per annum, $2 for six months, and $1 for three months in advance.

Papers are stopped at the end of the time for which they are paid. Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address label.

PACIFIC COAST AGENT—L. P. FISHER, Rooms 20 and 21 Merchants' Exchange, California street.

Professional Cards.

DR. CHS. SCHUMACHER,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Graduate of Georgia Augusta University, in Gottingen, Germany
Office—111 First street, opposite Occidental Hotel, Portland, Oregon.
RESIDENCE—Clay street, corner of Second. m2dtf

DR. H. M'KINNELL,
HOMŒOPATHIST,
Offering this MILD, EFFICIENT MEDICINE to the public, can consult him at his Office, on Fourth street, opposite the Public Square.
Having had a Practice in Oregon enables him to treat many diseases peculiar to this climate.
Jan 10, 1868. dtf

DR. MARY A. THOMSON,
PHYSICIAN AND ACCOUCHEUR.
HOUSE & OFFICE—Third street, between Salmon and Main, opposite the Public Square.
Will visit in any part of the City.
Medicines for sale and Instructions given on the use of same. Agent for Rowell & Agent. jan13dtf

Law Cards.

W. W. THAYER. R. WILLIAMS. Formerly of Salem

THAYER & WILLIAMS,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law.
Will practice in Federal and State Courts.
Office, No 106 First St., (over Postoffice), Portland, Oregon. dtf

JASPER W. JOHNSON,
LAWYER,
PORTLAND, OREGON
OFFICE—On the ground floor in Stitzel & Upton's Building, opposite the American Exchange. dtf

J. A. SHATTUCK. H. KILLIN.

SHATTUCK & KILLIN,
Attorneys-at-Law,
OFFICE—In Parrish's Brick, south side Washington street, a Front and First, Portland, Oregon
d304tf

J. A. SIMPSON. J. A. WAYMIRE.

SIMPSON & WAYMIRE,
Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICE—In Patton's Brick, State St., Salem, Oregon. dtf

J. F. DENNY. J. J. HENDERSON.

DENNY & HENDERSON,
Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICE—Odd Fellows' Building, Portland, Oregon. dtf

OLIVER & LYON,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law.
ODD FELLOWS' BUILDING,
PORTLAND AND Salem, Portland, Oregon.
WE HAVE AN ABSTRACT OF LAND TITLES to Multnomah County, and give particular attention to foreclosure. febldtf

W. W. CHAPMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
SCAPOOSE, OREGON.
WILL ATTEND THE UNITED STATES SUPREME Court the ensuing winter, and give attention to all business of importance that may be intrusted to him at the Capital of the States.
Salem, O. T., 1870. aug16dtf

F. A. CHENOWETH,
Attorney-at-Law,
CORVALLIS, OREGON dtf

E. V. Johnson, Notary Public.

WHALEY & FECHHEIMER,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,
And Solicitors in Bankruptcy.
Office—Temple, No. 161 First St., Portland
Particular attention paid to collections. tf

JAMES F. BROWN,
Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, and Notary Public,
EUGENE CITY, OREGON.
Will practice in the English, French, German and Spanish Courts. d347tf

THOS. J. DRYER,
NOTARY PUBLIC
FOR MULTNOMAH COUNTY
Office—N and North Ninth Sts., Portland
au12dtf

JOHN C. CARROLL,
General Conveyancer
Notary Public for Oregon, and
Clerk of Deeds for the States of California, Nevada and New York and Washington & Idaho Territories.
Office—S.E. corner of FRONT and STARK STREETS, Metropolitan Hotel, at Ferry Landing.
fe24tf

Business Cards.

O. W. BURRAGE,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor.
Office—No. 111 First street. Residence, cor College and Fifth Sts dtf

HUNTINGTON & BELLION,
Plain and Ornamental Plasterers.
CORNICE PISTOLS AND CORNICE ORNAMENTS of all Prices
Particular attention paid to Contracting Fronts of Buildings.
Shop—Second street, between First and Second. jy4tf

A. L. KNOWLTON,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR.
Particular attention given to measuring Brick work, &c
Office—Over Parrish, Atkinson & Woodard's, corner of Front and Alder streets ja23dtf

P. VAN FRIDACH,
FRENCH MILLINERY & DRY GOODS
STORE,
No. 105 FIRST STREET,
Opposite the Postoffice
REMOVAL.

RUMMELIN & CUTTMANN,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
ALL KINDS OF FURS
CAN BE FOUND AT
104 Front Street,
Opposite W. Currier & Co
Orders promptly filled. REPAIRING and CURING done on reasonable terms.
The Highest Price Paid for Raw Furs.
mr24lm

Notice.
Portland, March 10, 1871.
THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY notify all persons not to harbor or trust my wife, Annie Bothwell, as I will pay no debts contracted by her after this date.
mr11d2tf JAMES BOTHWELL

Banks.

LADD & TILTON,
BANKERS.
PORTLAND OREGON
ESTABLISHED, 1859.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCOUNTS KEPT subject to Check or Draft
INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS or TRUST FUNDS in sums of One Dollar and upwards from Date of Deposit.
MONEY LOANED on approved Security.
BONDS, STOCKS and other valuables received on Deposit for safe keeping.
COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.
INVESTMENTS in Real Estate and other property made for parties
SIGHT and Telegraphic Exchange on San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and sold
AGENTS for the transaction of all kinds of Financial and Trust Business.
o183dawtf

THE BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital..... $1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—3 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.
BRANCHES.
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.
AGENCIES,
IN NEW YORK, CANADA SCOTLAND AND IRELAND
Exchange for sale on
England, Ireland, Scotland, New York & Canada.
INTEREST ALLOWED on TIME DEPOSITS at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards
Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager
fy1dtf

Fire Insurance.

UNION
Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
CAPITAL STOCK, Fully Paid in Gold Coin $750,000 00
SURPLUS, Gold Coin 287,390 75
Total Amt in Capital and Surplus...$1,037,390 75
Assets in Gold, 30th June, 1870:
LOANS on Real Estate and Collaterals $799,000 00
United States and other Stocks 66,072 85
Real Estate (416 and 418 California St., San Francisco) 90,500 00
Cash Items and other Assets 81,816 90
$1,037,390 75
$50,000 DEPOSITED IN OREGON.
Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President.
OMAR D. HAVENS, Secretary
FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND,
General Agent for Oregon and the Territories
EDWIN D. BACKENSTOE, Special Agent.
o274tf

AGENCY FOR
BARBOUR'S LINEN THREAD,
CELEBRATED FOR ITS STRENGTH AND EVENness of Thread. Made from the finest quality of
IRISH FLAX,
And put up with special reference to the RETAIL TRADE, so that all numbers may be sold at one price
We solicit OREGON DEALERS, in sending forward their orders to order some of
BARBOUR'S THREAD,
For a single trial will establish its superiority over all other Linen Threads in the market
For sale by all respectable San Francisco Dry Goods Importers
PHILLIPS, BROWN & CO.,
AGENTS FOR MANUFACTURERS,
125 Sansome street, San Francisco
fe6dSmip

THE MEDAL AND FIRST PREMIUM

WERE AWARDED TO P. LIESENFIELD for the
BILLIARD TABLES,
Which he is constantly manufacturing at 537 Sacramento street, San Francisco, and where he keeps on hand a good assortment to fill orders. Also, Sole Agent for the celebrated Improved KAVANAGH & DUCKER'S PATENT BILLIARD CUSHIONS patented March 9 1869
d323dmlp

NEW MEDICAL WORK.
"THE PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE,"
FOR THE
DEBILITATED NERVOUS SYSTEM,
DR. LOUIS J. JORDAN,
THE PROFESSOR OF THE ANATOMICAL MUSEUM, Montgomery street near California, San Francisco has published four of his most important and instructive lectures in a neat volume for those who cannot attend the lectures delivered at the Museum. Every Unmarried and Married man should read and study these important Lectures for the good of himself and offspring
By addressing the Secretary of the Anatomical Museum San Francisco, enclosing 25 cents in postage stamps, to pay postage, the Book will be forwarded to any part of the States and Territories. ap25dly1p

MEDICAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
J. E. CUNNINGHAM, M. D., RESPECTfully informs the Public that he has opened a PRIVATE HOSPITAL AND MEDICAL DISPENSARY in Portland Oregon, on First street between Ash and Pine for the treatment of all old and long standing CHRONIC COMPLAINTS. Special attention given to Diseases, Weakness and Debility of Women. Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Throat, Lungs, &c.
All private complaints will receive prompt attention and a permanent cure
Constitution Free of Charge. Call and see me. You shall have square work. All medicines prepared and furnished by the Doctor
CHILLS AND FEVER CURED at once without poisonous medicine of any kind. The most harmless and efficient Medicines for Children will be found at my Dispensary FOR ALL COMPLAINTS. mr10dawlm

Directors' Meeting.
THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THE BOARD of Directors of the Oregon Central Railroad Company of Portland, Oregon, held at the office of the Company, in the city of Portland, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MARCH inst. at twelve (12) o'clock M.
C. S. SILVER, President.
R. H. Towne, Secretary.
March 16th, 1871. mh17d

River Steamers.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S
NOTICE!
THE BOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL leave Portland as follows
FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A M
FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A M
FOR MONTICELLO—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A M
nl7dtf J. C. AINSWORTH, President

SPECIAL NOTICE.
OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
MONTICELLO & KALAMA.
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE
THE STEAMER FANNIE TROUP,
CAPTAIN JOHN W. BABBIDGE,
WILL MAKE
Tri-Weekly Trips to Monticello,
Leaving Portland Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 o'clock A M
Leaving Monticello Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock A. M
PASSAGE..... TWENTY FIVE CENTS
FREIGHT..... ONE DOLLAR PER TON
The FANNIE TROUP will come up the rapids at Williamette Slough on Wednesdays and return through Slough on Thursdays
Feb'y 20, 1871 J. C. AINSWORTH, President
fe20dtf

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
Freight Notice for Upper Columbia.
FROM AND AFTER MONDAY MARCH 6, 1871 the classification of Freight into First, Second and Third Class will be discontinued. The following rates of freight will be charged per ton (ship measurement) to-wit

Portland to	Dalles	$15 00 per ton
"	Umatilla	25 00 "
"	Walla Walla	30 00 "
"	Lewiston	50 00 "

Flour and Grain Feed will be charged as follows

Portland to	Dalles	$10 00 per ton
"	Umatilla	15 00 "
"	Wallula	20 00 "
"	Lewiston	30 00 "

There will be no change in rates of Down Freight
J. C. AINSWORTH, President
March 6 1871 mr6dtf

PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.
NOTICE.
STEAMERS
ALERT AND SENATOR
WILL LEAVE THE COMPANY'S DOCK, FOOT of 1st street, Portland, every morning Sunday excepted at SIX AND A HALF O'CLOCK, and Afternoon at TWO O'CLOCK, connecting at
OREGON CITY,
IN THE MORNING WITH BOATS FOR
SALEM, ALBANY AND CORVALLIS,
ON
Monday, Tuesday, Thursday & Friday,
AND ON
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, & FRIDAY
FOR
DAYTON,
Lafayette and McMinnville.
A. A. McCULLY,
Nov 12, 1870 n123tf Pres't P. T. Co

From Olympia to Victoria and Way Ports on Puget Sound.
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER
ALIDA,
M. A. STARR ..... CAPTAIN
Will leave Olympia every
SUNDAY & WEDNESDAY NIGHT,
At 9 o'clock
d14 dtf

Railroads.

OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. CO.
NO. 11. TIME SCHEDULE NO. 11.
TO TAKE EFFECT SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 26 1871 at 6 o'clock A M.—for the government and information of employes only, the Company reserve the right to vary therefrom as circumstances may require
Daily Trains will run between
PORTLAND AND ALBANY
AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	8 30 A M	Albany	4 00 P M
"	2 30 P M.	"	7 45 P M
Albany	6 45 A M	Portland	11 40 A M
"	1 30 P M.	"	5 30 P M

The 2 30 P M Train from Portland and the 6 45 A M Train from Albany are Passenger Trains and run Daily. The 8 30 A. M Train from Portland and the 1 30 P M. Train from Albany are Freight Trains (with Passenger Cars attached) and run Daily (except Sunday)
Oregon & California R R Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains
Close connections are made at ALBANY with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company
Tickets for sale at Company's Office No 9 Front street, Portland
H. THIELSEN, Gen'l Supt
J. L. HARTLETT Asst Supt
R. P. ROGERS
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent

Markets.

REMOVAL.
Portland Market.
E. H. CARLING,
SECOND STREET, COR MORRISON,
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON hand the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the City Free of Charge.
ROSHER BEEF, VEAL and MUTTON always on hand
Portland Feb 17 1871 dtf

PACIFIC MARKET.
W. W. SPAULDING,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Fresh Meats,
AND
PACKER of BEEF & PORK
Highest Price paid for all kinds of FAT STOCK
NO. 8 NORTH FRONT STREET,
ja23 PORTLAND OREGON dawtf

PICTURES FRAMED AT ONE-HALF
THE USUAL PRICE AT
W. T. SHANAHAN'S
NEW ART GALLERY
75 First St., near Ladd & Tilton's Bank
fe2dtf

Life at Imperial Headquarters at Versailles

CHARACTER OF THE OLD KING—MOLTKE AND BISMARCK AT LOGGERHEADS—POSITION OF OUR FRITZ

A correspondent of the London *Daily News* at Versailles communicates some of the things he heard there

The old King, it appears, is by no means happy as an Emperor. He was only persuaded to accept this title for the sake of his son "Our Fritz" and he goes about much like some English squire of long descent who has been induced to allow himself to be converted into a brand new peer over port persuaded by his ambitious progeny. William is one of that numerous class of persons endowed with more heart than brains. Putting aside or regarding rather as the delusion of a diseased brain his notion that he is an instrument of Heaven and that he is born to rule over Prussian souls by right divine the old man is by no means a bad specimen of a good natured well meaning narrow minded soldier, and between Bismarck and Moltke he has of late had by no means an easy time. These two worthies, instead of doing as we imagine I am Paris, the best of friends abominate each other. During the siege Moltke would not allow Bismarck to have a seat at any council of war and in order to return the compliment Bismarck has not allowed Moltke to take any part in the negotiations respecting the armistice except on the points which were exclusively military. Bismarck tells the French that had it not been for him Paris would have been utterly destroyed while Moltke grumbles because it has not been destroyed—an achievement which that talented captain some what singularly imagines would fittingly crown his military career. But this is not the only domestic jar which destroys the harmony of the happy German family at Versailles. In Prussia it has been the habit from time immemorial for the heir to the throne to coquette with the Liberals, and to be supposed to entertain progressive opinions. The Crown Prince pursues this hereditary policy of the family. He has surrounded himself with intelligent men hostile to the present state of things and who understand that in the present age no country can be great and powerful where all who are not country gentlemen or landholders or officers are excluded from all share in its government. Bismarck, on the other hand, is the representative or rather the business man of the squirearchy much in the same way as Mr Disraeli is of the Conservative party in England. As both are men of genius they in all probability despise their own friends and scoff at their prejudices a pretended belief in which has served them as a stepping stone to power. The consequence of this divergency of opinion is that Bismarck and "Our Fritz" are very nearly what school boys call "cuts" and consequently when the old King dies Bismarck's power dies with him unless he is wise enough to withdraw beforehand from public life. "Our Fritz" has done his best, I hear, to prevent the Prussian Hotspurs from doing any serious damage to Paris and has not concealed from his friends that he considers that the bombardment was, in the words of Fouche, worse than a crime—an error.

The New Election Law

[From the New York Tribune]

The N. Y. *Herald's* Washington correspondent announcing the passage of the Federal Election Act by the Senate, says

It is purely partisan in its character and is intended as a final chapter to a series of acts all passed with the view of keeping the Democrats from cheating at the polls.

That is about the truth. The measure in question is purely partisan simply because the Democrats want to persist in cheating us at elections as they cheated us out of the Electoral vote of our State in 1868 and the Republicans don't mean to let them do it and have passed this act for the purpose. The Democrats do not all cheat, some of them are too pious and too respectable to do it but they know right well that others are not and that these suborn felons and ruffians to vote from poll to poll until they think they have enough. Rascality corrupts the ballot boxes, respectability carefully look the other way while the job is done, and then comes in for its dividend of the swag. The arrangement is satisfactory to both parties but not to the Republicans who only submit to it when they can't help themselves. Just now, they *can* help themselves—at least they can try and they *do* try. Hereupon, Democracy is alarmed, amazed appalled aghast and horrified at the imminent peril of a military despotism. The Republicans hear all possible changes rung upon this theme for eleven or twelve hours, and then—the Democratic wind being exhausted—proceed to pass the bill.

Mr. Eugene Casserly fitly leads the remonstrants. This gentleman, though representing California, was born in this city, and here took his first lessons in Democratic politics. Right well he knows that the 5,401 votes polled in our VIth Ward (for instance) at the Presidential election of 1868, and the 6 374 votes polled at the following State election of 1869 when nothing better than a Secretary of State was to be chosen, were swelled to those dimensions by gigantic concerted fraud—that there are not more than Four Thousand Voters in that Ward which worked up to its utmost capacity last fall only polled 3 838. Mr Casserly understands the whole case precisely as we do except that we want such frauds prevented and he does not. There is not another point of difference between us, so far as this whole business is concerned. And whenever his party shall be in power all effective safeguards against fraudulent voting will be abolished, with his hearty co-operation. For the present they may be to some extent evaded, and perhaps at times defied but they are the law of the land and they will largely reduce the illegal vote of this and doubtless of other cities. And that is just why the Democratic Senators fought them so stoutly.

We tender the hearty thanks of the often defrauded and locally overborne Republicans of our city to Roscoe Conkling for the stern resolve with which he insisted on the passage of this measure of justice and to the Republican Senators who sat out the debate, resist adjournment and recorded their votes for the bill. There was by far the best day's work of the session.

DEFALCATION IN SAN FRANCISCO.—The financial affairs of John Hanna, County Clerk of San Francisco have been found to be badly demoralized. The subject when first talked about brought out a denial from Mr. Hanna that there was any thing wrong, but the denial did not answer the purpose, and his sureties took the matter in hand to save themselves. They have decided that all funds coming into the office shall be taken charge of by Deputy Clerk Ruggles. The law requires a much more vigorous procedure but the bondsmen seem to aim to merely save themselves regardless of the public interest. The press of the city generally urged that legal measures be taken to remedy the evil. The amount of the defalcation is not yet known.

THE NEW GOVERNMENT LOAN.—The firm of Seligman Brother which has houses in this city in New York, and in Frankfort-on-the-Main will in connection with the house of Rothschild have the important task of introducing in Frankfort, the leading bond market of Europe the new United States Government loan. It was Joseph Seligman, one of the firm, who originally introduced into Frankfort the five twenty bonds and about a year ago Seligman Brother were appointed fiscal agents in Europe of the United States Government.—*S. F. Chronicle*

By Overland Telegraph.

[DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

CALIFORNIA

From San Francisco

SAN FRANCISCO March 19.—It has been raining lightly most of the day. It is still cloudy and promises of more rain before morning.

There are four steamers viz the *Costa Rica* from New York, *Oregonian* from Portland, *Orizaba* and *William Taber* from San Diego now due or overdue at this port. The only arrivals the last 24 hours are two coasters.

It is believed the colonists for Magdalena Bay from New York, will not allow them to be landed if they arrive there by daylight or are permitted to communicate with anybody not in the employ of the Lower California Company who has been on shore, and the arrival of the *Costa Rica* is looked upon with some anxiety, as she has a million board over 300 men shipped for that destination.

Letters received from China via Japan, say Mr. Seward left there in better health than he had enjoyed for years and as no mention is made of his having had a stroke of the palsy the report was probably unfounded. The letters are from his nephew the Consul General who went out from here with him.

NEVADA.

VIRGINIA March 19.—The daily yield of ore of the leading mines on Comstock lode for the past week, was as follows: Ophir 180 tons, Crown Point 300, Yellow Jacket 180, Hale and Norcross 250, Savage 100.

Two more "notified" individuals left the city for less hot quarters yesterday making eight in all who have involuntarily left the city. Six have also been sent from Gold Hill.

Edward Field, who was repairing the south compartment and putting in a guide slipped and fell 125 feet, to the tenth station. The fall killed him instantly.

BY STATE TELEGRAPH.

Men Lost in the Coast Mountains.

OAKLAND, March 19.—On the evening of the 11th inst., John Berdue and John Losey of Looking Glass Valley in this county, went into the Coast Range mountains for a few hours hunt intending to return before night. Diligent search has been made for them, but no trace as yet has been found. Some of the men in search nearly perished. Three men of one party of five are also supposed to be lost as they did not return according to the arrangements made. Also an other party of five are supposed to be lost. Large companies are forming to go into the mountains after them. It is almost certain they have perished with cold. It has been cold and the fog very dense in the mountains, raining and snowing continually the past week, and still raining.

Unwarrantable

[From the Salem Statesman.]

The Democratic papers are publishing that "the Board of Land Commissioners have decided to instruct deputies to omit from their selection of Swamp Lands all lands occupied or claimed by *bona fide* settlers as farm lands." It strikes us that the Board in so acting are usurping Legislative functions. Their duty is to carry out the law as it actually reads, not to endeavor to correct the legislation to which they are amenable. We do not blame these gentlemen for endeavoring to hide the real, illy nature of the laws passed by the last session, and to save the party from the consequences of its acts but the Legislature made no provision for the rights of settlers and honest claimants then existing. Its action was solely for the benefit of those who wished its action to scramble after everything they could lay claim to as swamp lands, and we cannot see how the State Board can interfere with the claims of land grabbers successfully by assuming to protect the honest settler which is expressly denied by law. As two of the Board are lawyers of eminence they should understand law matters better than to attempt to mend legislation by mere orders to deputies. The orders are sensible enough if they are legal, but comparing them with the legislation we cannot see their legality.

Another illegal interference with legislation we have before called attention to. The Willamette Falls Canal and Locks Company filed a bond which was not in accordance with the law passed granting aid to construct the locks, which bond, though illegal was approved by the Governor and after that the bonds of the State were issued to the company, $200 000 in amount, and have since been sold to Michael Reese of San Francisco. As we saw the bond filed by the company, we are personally aware that it differed from that required by the law as it agreed to pay the State one tenth of the "gross receipts" instead of one-tenth of the *net profits* as the language of the law prescribed. It may be said with truth that the change is greatly to the advantage of the State and so it would be if it could legally be made but we don't believe there is a tyro in law in our State who will not acknowledge that the bond of the Willamette Falls Canal and Locks Company is void unless conforming to the law and the issue of the bonds of the State is null and worthless, may even a fraud, unless based upon a legal obligation of the company. This is important to the State at large, because it may produce trouble the State will have to pay for.

As near as we can make the case out it stands thus. The State officers recognize the fact that into Democratic legislation has been villainously, and they are trying to avoid the consequences of Democratic folly by a sort of posthumous wisdom of their own. But keep to the record gentlemen. Stand up to the rack, fodder or no fodder and swear by Democracy as it is recorded for you cannot patch it up now, though it would have been easy for the Governor to have settled these difficulties had he vetoed the objectionable measures instead of approving them. There was too much pressure probably then but we insist upon it that it is too late to reconstruct those treacherous measures now. The Executive signature made Grover a full partner in each transaction and he will neither commit the respect of friend or foe by trying to dodge the issues he helped to raise.

The new English gun is pronounced the most formidable in the world. At the recent trials the enormous charge of 130 pounds of powder propelling a bolt of 700 pounds in weight at a velocity of 1,340 feet per second was employed without the slightest symptoms whatever of strain. No such enormous charge was ever before burnt inside of a cannon. Its power the projectiles are more than equal to any duty they could be called upon to perform. The water line belt of the Hercules would be pierced by them at 3 thousand yards and the keel will be penetrated completely at very considerably more than twice that range. The velocities attained with the lower charges of 75 pounds and 100 pounds of powder were respectively 1 160 and 1 250 feet the penetrative power of the projectiles with even the latter charge being so great that an armor plate of thirteen inches in thickness would only just suffice to arrest them at close quarters.

RATHER COOL.—A gentleman was calling to enjoy an evening in the company of a young lady upon whom he called but found a serious obstacle in the person of her stern father, who at length ventured very plainly intimate that the hour for repose had arrived. "I think you are correct, my dear sir," said the unabashed young man. "We have been waiting to have you go to bed for over an hour."

It is estimated that two hundred and thirty thousand persons live on the banks of the Merrimac river, and, to a great extent, are dependent upon it for motive power for their factories and workshops.

POLITICAL NOTES

The Ohio State Temperance Convention has nominated a full State Ticket with Gideon T. Stewart for Governor.

The Chicago *Post* says Frank Blair said to a recent interviewer that he first began to soften to the Democratic party when he observed how well it behaved after the defeat of 1861. He is like the tender hearted widow who married the cap that killed her husband in a duel, because he looked so nice at the funeral.

A Vicksburg correspondent reiterates the statement that Gov. Alcorn refuses to take his seat in the Senate and says that the true state of the case is, the Legislature is composed of such crude materials that a firm hand is required to hold it in check, and although Gov. Alcorn himself needs a balance wheel to regulate his own brain work, he is the strongest man in the party and the best fitted to control it.

The Republican State Central Committee of Pennsylvania has, by formal resolution, expressed its approval of the action of the Republican members of the Legislature in supporting the bill pending for the calling of a convention to revise and amend the Constitution of the State and for the action of the Philadelphia members of the Committee in opposing the passage of bills to govern the city of Philadelphia by Commissioners, to be named by the Legislature.

The action of the Michigan Democratic State Convention in nominating a candidate for Supreme Judge is not approved by the Detroit *Free Press*, the leading Democratic paper in the State. It says Judge Hughes is an unexceptionable candidate personally but under the circumstances the action of the convention can only result if he accept, in a heavy defeat, which is thus made to appear a party defeat of the Democratic party, when in fact it will only be an indorsement of the satisfactory and impartial manner in which Judge Campbell, who has been renominated by the Republicans, has performed the duties of the office.

The Indian Question

[From the Boise Statesman March 14.]

Father Mesplie has addressed a letter to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, a copy of which has been sent to us. The reverend gentleman has here given the department the benefit of his observations in a long experience among the Indians of this coast. The information given is important and affords matter for serious reflection. The length of the document precludes our giving it in full in these columns. After stating the operations of the Jesuit Fathers among the Flatheads, the Kootenais, the Coeur d'Alenes, the Colvilles, the Spokanes, and a large portion of the Nez Perces, and the good and peaceful results attained, the Father says:

The above details will prove to the department that it is of the highest importance to leave the Rev. Fathers the field of operations perfectly free and without the obstructions of impulsive Indian agents or those full of prejudices.

Speaking of his connection with the Wasco tribe, he says:

I will submit to your paternal solicitude the condition of the Wasco tribes. These Indians have been under my control from the year 1848 to 1858, at this time they were removed to the Warm Springs Reserve, and the mission has never been located among them, owing to the opposition made by the various agents from time to time. They have only been visited from the Dalles occasionally. Agents on that reserve have had as bad as the Indians' spiritual as well as temporal teachers, and to some extent have operated against the wishes of those Indians by such action. The great majority of those Indians are Catholics, and therefore have a right to have a minister of their church immediately among them, and I hope that your honor will see that justice will be done in that direction, and that those Indians will be permitted to worship God according to their teachings.

His report then recites, under the appropriate heads, the labors of the Catholic missionaries among the different tribes, and the results. Speaking of the Fort Hall agency, which has not been visited by any minister other than himself, he says some four hundred and fifty of these Indians belong to the Catholic Church. He expected to find them degraded beyond redemption but remarks:

To my great surprise I found them as well disposed and as apt of cultivation as any other Indians east of the Cascade mountains. I would therefore respectfully ask the privilege of the Government to continue my labors among the Shoshones and Bannacks of Fort Hall, or if not, asking too much, that the department would permit me to speak the agent therefor in order that I could have the assistance of that officer in advancing that people.

Speaking of the Indian policy generally, he says:

My labors as Indian missionary during the past twenty five years, having been peculiar and varied, forces me to say that heretofore the Indian policy of the Government, as I have understood it and been the observer of it, has not been par excellence but you will permit me to say here that the Indian policy of his Excellency, the President, I believe to be admirable, and will meet all the exigencies arising from the complicated question of "How shall we advance our red brethren?"

Referring to the various Catholic ministers who have labored among the Indians, he says:

These celebrated men are true promoters and champions of civilization, and through their efforts millions of dollars have been saved to the Government that would have had it not been for them been expended in putting down the hostilities of these Indians.

Whatever opinion may be entertained of the virtue of the religion teaching which has been given to the Indians, or the relative value to their present welfare, or their future salvation of the teaching of this that or the other sect, no man of observation and judgment can deny one portion of Father Mesplie's claim—that these missionaries have saved the Government millions of dollars in the prevention of Indian wars. The unquestioned truth stands out boldly that while Indian raids and outrages have prevailed from our earliest history very few of them have been committed by the tribes in which these missionaries have had sway. Their tact and management seems to render it an easy matter for them to go unarmed among them and tame their fierce nature, whether they do it by the teachings of their religion or by the arts of gentleness and peace. The Government and its agents ought not to hinder and obstruct their operations if it cannot aid them. A fair field and an open show to all these religious enthusiasts whatever be their creeds say we. If they can convert the Indian into good behavior we care not what doctrinal road they take. If they cannot fire and the sword can

Style in Writing

Style, according to my observation, cannot be taught and can hardly be acquired. Any person of moderate ability may, by study and practice learn to use a language according to its grammar. But such a use of language although necessary to a good style has no more direct relation to it than her daily dinner has to the blush of a blooming beauty. Without dinner no bloom, without grammar no style. The same viand which one young woman digesting it healthily and sleeping upon it soundly, is able to present to us again in but a very unattractive form Gloriana as simulating it not more perfectly in slumbers no sounder transmutes into charms that make her a delight to the eyes of every beholder. That proceeding is Gloriana's physiological style. It is a gift to her. Such a gift is style in the use of language. It is more clearness in outline beauty of form and expression, and has no relation whatever to the soundness or value of the thought which it embodies or the importance or the interest of a fact which it records. Learned men, strong and subtle thinkers, and scholars of wide and critical acquaintance with literature, are often unable to acquire even an acceptable good not to say an admirable style and on the other hand men who can read only their own language and who have received very little instruction even in that write and speak in a style that wins or commands attention, and in itself gives pleasure. Of the former John Bunyan is perhaps the most marked example. Better English there could hardly be, or a style more admirable for its excellence, than appears throughout the writings of that thinker. No person who has read the Pilgrim's Progress can have forgotten the faithfulness of Christian with Apollyon, which for vividness of description and dramatic interest, puts to shame all the combats with knights and giants and monsters that can be found elsewhere in romance or poetry, but there are probably many who do not remember, and not feel the force of, the simple beauty of the style in which that passage is written. For example take the sentence which tells of the beginning of the fight:

"Then Apollyon straddled over the whole breadth of the way, and said, I am void of fear in this matter, prepare to die. For I swear by my infernal den that thou shalt go no further. Here will I spill thy soul."

A man cannot be taught to write like that, nor can he by any force of will put the mysteries of such a style.

Unconsciousness is one of the most important conditions of [illegible] speaking or in writing. The [illegible] write well and all others [illegible] speak well, and a few who [illegible] are not writers and speakers [illegible] and speaking are [illegible] thought through language [illegible] fine one, joined to an incapacity [illegible] is naturally the occasion [illegible] I believe never been accurately [illegible] think that it will be found [illegible] which generally causes [illegible] arrangement of one kind or [illegible] bottom of this apparent incongruity. The man who writes in a clear and fluent style, but who, when he [illegible] talk more than to say [illegible] would like for dinner [illegible] confusion, does not [illegible] self-consciousness by the [illegible] others whom he speaks but [illegible] ly to the expression [illegible] looks only upon the [illegible] writing. He who [illegible] who writes in himself [illegible] Congress [illegible] conscious [illegible] makes, on the other [illegible] time other to meet [illegible] has thus lost [illegible] lush instead of [illegible] with one consent to [illegible] title.

[illegible] at two per [illegible] both of [illegible] style of [illegible] brought up [illegible] hymns with [illegible] had [illegible] was very profane [illegible] his oaths. He [illegible] shocked when he [illegible] at last induced [illegible] to the society of his wife [illegible] He trusted to her power [illegible] to lead her to reform her speech.

But both [illegible] disappointment. [illegible] swear alike, and we [illegible] ciety.

This is just [illegible] learns to imitate [illegible] No matter how [illegible] been if allowed to [illegible] of the profane and [illegible] will surely drag him down [illegible] for our wicked [illegible] to go right. You [illegible] quicker than [illegible] easier than [illegible] of the company [illegible] God's grace [illegible] from it you will get [illegible] your soul that you will [illegible] off. John B. Gough said [illegible] would give my right hand to [illegible] forget that which I have [illegible] society. You may pray against it but [illegible] through life, cause you bitterness and anguish.—*The Presbyterian*.

The New York *Standard* says of France "take a lesson from the past. Let her throw off all the trappings of tawdry former Government. Let her remodel herself and [illegible] old of those Republican virtues which [illegible] gave her glory and which enabled the soldier [illegible] Directory, under the First Consul to achieve his military success."

A writer in the Boston *Traveller* seems to regard General Magruder as having been [illegible] for the most successful of all the rebel [illegible] during the war.

STAGE LINES.

THE GREAT OVERLAND MAIL ROUTE
TO
San Francisco
AND
NEW YORK.

THE COMPANY OF THE OREGON and California Stage Company will make regular connections with the Oregon & California Railroad Company via Oregon and the Central Pacific Railroad Company via California. Passengers now going through Overland will have
THREE HUNDRED MILES
OF
Railroad Travel,
Connecting at the Junction in California with the Great Overland Railroad to the Eastern cities.
Time through to San Francisco..... 6 days.
" New

The Daily Oregonian

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 21, 1871.

A Lasting Peace in Europe.

If we wish to form an idea of what has been gained for Europe by the solidification of Germany we have only to consider such facts as the following, which are stated in Ahron's History of Europe.

There can be no doubt, as this writer shows, that in a social and political point of view the formation even of the imperfect German Confederacy which was accomplished soon after the fall of the first Napoleon, was a very great blessing not only to its own members, but to Europe in general. To its existence Germany was mainly indebted for the long peace which succeeded the wars of the French Revolution. For two centuries before "she had not merely been the battlefield of Europe, but the coveted prize which provoked its wars. The lesser German States, incapable of resisting the assaults of the greater, afforded only a bait to tempt their cupidity. Religious zeal strove at one period to effect their subjugation, in order to realize the seducing dream of unity of belief; regal ambition at another, to effect the substantial acquisition of universal dominion. The lesser States of Germany formed a 'debatable ground' into which Gustavus Adolphus rushed to defend the cause of religious freedom, and Frederick the Great to anticipate the dreaded partition by Austria; and revolutionary France to convulse and overturn the world. The Thirty Years' War, the Seven Years' War, the Revolutionary War, the fiercest strifes which have stained the soil of Europe with blood in modern times, have all arisen from the political weakness and defenseless condition of the lesser States of Germany."

So wrote the historian twenty years ago. But the day of divided and discordant States in Germany is past. The results of the union are seen in the punishment of haughty and intermeddling France. The little States which once tempted the rapacity of aggressive neighbors now form part of a great Confederacy. From the lesson which France has received it is apparent that even the greatest powers will now shrink from attacking such a colossus. Moreover, the existence of such a power in the center of Europe will prevent other great powers from attacking each other. In this view of the case the grand results of German unity will appear. There is an end of outside aggression on Germany, and better security for peace in Europe than there has been for centuries.

Making a Reputation.

Last week the following quite interesting letter was "dug up." It is a very proper supplement to one published a week or two ago. It explains some more of the operations of the greedy and unprincipled "organ" and throws more light on the cause of its reason to oppose the "totally wrong and rotten Police Bill.

SALEM, October 5, 1870.

A Passenger Railroad is very anxious to have our support. I have as yet not been able to confer with Stout (who is the bell mare) in regard to this measure. I shall be first opportunity, have a plain talk with Stout on general matters. You see he has been fighting me in the printing. Some of these fellows will be sorry for their capers in this regard before they are two years older. At the time I do not propose to resent, but the time may come when I will. The war on me has affected the printing to the amount of $2 000. Let the *Herald* continue to avoid giving any of these fellows a call until the time comes for action. I will give the signal when to do. Will write you in regard to amendment to City Charter as soon as we can come to an understanding with the parties. In the meantime stave it off.

T. PATTERSON.

It will be observed that the editor of the "organ" was instructed to "stave off" any discussion of the rotten Police-Bill till the proprietor could "come to an understanding with the parties"—that is, till he could arrange as to his own schemes for making larger profits out of the printing. Throughout this whole matter the "organ" has acted with the most mercenary motives, now making war on the party because they would not give it as many steelings as it wanted, and now taking money from members of a great corporation in payment for advocating their swindling, subsidy scheme. The "organ" is trying a "reputation."

It is estimated that there are about nine thousand square miles of public lands possessed by the Dominion Government. Thus far no accurate statement has been received of the indebtedness of the Government, though President Baez has placed the amount at one and half millions of dollars in gold. There is however, little reliance to be placed on such a general summing up, where the items are not given, upon which the sum total is based. Mr. Wade of the Commission is satisfied that the Dominion Government is not indebted to other Governments, but that her debts are all held by her own people. The reason assigned is, that nobody would trust her. Mr. Wade must have had very forcible reasons presented for making up his opinion so soon.

A reporter for the New York *Times* has interviewed Sir John McDonald, the Canadian member of the Joint High Commission. Sir John denies emphatically that there exists in Canada any influential party advocating annexation to the United States. He asserts that, if Canada has any desire to be separated from England it will only be as an independent government, but that neither he nor the reporter would live to see the day when Canada would be separated from the Imperial Government. Then all the recent actions of the Imperial Government belie its intentions and desires. England has continually been telling her North American colonies during the last two or three years that they must set up for and look out for themselves.

It was hoped that railroad work could be commenced with vigor both on the east and west sides by the 1st of April; but the rain continues to pour so steadily that there does not seem much reason to expect that work can begin for some time yet. All preparations, however, are made, and just so soon as the weather will permit the prosecution of these enterprises will be taken hold of in earnest. West side people, who are naturally more anxious than others to see work actually begun, may assure themselves that a commencement will be made as soon as the weather will permit.

Victoria papers are jubilant over the supposition that our Congress will soon pass an act to allow the importation of coal into the United States free of duty. They say that such an act would be followed at once by the revival of business at Nanaimo, and would be most beneficial to British Columbia.

The *Herald* thinks it atrocious to print private letters. Does it remember McPherson's letter to Williams, which somebody stole and which it printed so eagerly? What a great difference it does make whether your own ox or 'tother fellow's ox is gored!

Tell the Whole Truth.

According to the Oregon City *Enterprise* Judge Boise's opinion on the State warrants is "rather too heavy an argument" for those who have attempted to discuss it and present some considerations on the other side of the question.

We are not disposed to take issue with this statement. On a former occasion we remarked that we would not undertake to say that Judge Boise's opinion could be successfully controverted. It may, indeed, be "too heavy an argument" for any one to meet. But if it is a conclusive argument against the legality and validity of warrants that were drawn by Secretary May, in the absence of appropriations, is it not an equally good argument against those drawn by Secretary Chadwick, under precisely the same conditions?

We commend this view of the case to the *Enterprise*. Judge Boise's opinion is as much a rebuke to Secretary Chadwick as to Secretary May; to a Democratic as much as to a Republican administration. Those Democratic journals which praise Judge Boise's opinion (we do not say that praise is not just) thereby administer a rebuke to their own Secretary of State, who, according to the doctrines of that opinion, has drawn warrants without the least shadow of lawful authority therefor. We hope those journals will tell the whole truth about this matter.

The New Hampshire Campaign.

It is evident that the Republican failure in New Hampshire this year was caused mainly by a feeling of too great security in the party, and therefore many Republicans did not go to the polls. In proof of this we give the following extract from a letter from Concord to the Boston *Advertiser* written ten days before the election:

> Before the party nominations were made, it was generally believed that the present political campaign in our State would be a hotly contested and exciting affair, but all such predictions were entirely incorrect. In ten days more our annual election takes place, and yet it is a rare circumstance to hear the matter even alluded to. In every part of the State the utmost quiet prevails. The Republicans feel sure of success. Feeling thus the managers of the campaign have concluded not to spend much effort in accomplishing what they regard already a foregone certainty.

This apathy on the part of the Republicans caused them to be worsted this time. Nothing serious, however, will result therefrom. Next year the great contest will take place and the Republicans of New Hampshire will not be caught napping again.

"May molten coin be thy damnation!" This is the exclamation of Shakspeare's Timon to one who had been his pretended friend in prosperity, but who forsook him in adversity. It would be uncharitable and wicked to use such an imprecation in speaking of the "organ," albeit the "organ" does manifest such a greed for a corporation's gold. But we fear that "molten coin" may yet lure it to destruction. When we reflect on what it has done for the pitiful sum of $500, (which is only one-half of one per cent. of the amount plundered from the people by its assistance,) we recall the words of the old poet,—*Quid non mortalia pectora cogis, auri sacra fames?* which Dryden has thus paraphrased:

> O! hunger of pernicious gold!
> What bonds of faith can tinpious arms hold?

A circular from P. F. Ellinwood, Secretary of the Presbyterian Memorial Committee, states that about $4,000,000 has already been subscribed to the Presbyterian Memorial Fund. It is in contemplation to increase the fund to $5,000,000. The money will be devoted to Presbyterian educational purposes, to the construction of new church edifices, and to the general good and advancement of the aims of the church organization.

Bret Harte's "Heathen Chinee" has been translated into Latin. This version appears in a Boston paper. It is remarkably well done, and will prove both a matter of interest and a source of amusement to those versed in the Latin tongue.

Report on the Charges Against Commissioner Parker—No Evidence of Fraud or Corruption.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Sargent, from the Committee on Appropriations, made a report to-day on the charges preferred by William Welsh against the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, in a letter to the Secretary of the Interior, containing allegations of fraud and improvidence in the conduct of Indian affairs. The committee say they have not found evidence of fraud and corruption on the part of the Indian Commissioner, but much to criticise and condemn, arising partly from a vicious system inherited from the past, and partly from errors in judgment in the construction of statutes passed to insure economy and faithfulness in the administration. The committee have found no evidence of any pecuniary or personal advantage sought to be derived by the Commissioner or any one connected with his business. It appears from the evidence the Commissioner did not consult the Board of Indian Commissioners in making purchases of provisions or any goods for the Indian service, except dry goods, blankets, and articles of that character. The view given by him is erroneous; the organization of the Board of Indian Commissioners was a part of the new system for dealing with the Indians, designed to aid in the introduction of an element of humanity into the dealings of the Government with the Indians, and to insure economy and faithfulness in expenditure for their civilization and comfort.

Even with the limits of their usefulness occasioned by this construction of the commission, they have succeeded in accomplishing much good, and have unselfishly and honorably discharged the duties required of them. The benefits of their supervision may be seen from the testimony relating to the purchase of annuity goods. There better articles were obtained at less price than ever before. The committee condemn the action of the Commissioner in making the Boston contract for beef, etc., and believe he exercised powers only confided to the President, to be exercised through the War Department, but say an exigency existed requiring prompt action. They condemn the failure to advertise, which necessitated an extension of that contract in August. They think competition would have reduced prices if it had been allowed, and did reduce them in the Morrow contract. They apply the same criticism to the transportation contracts. In the course of their report the committee say they have found the system of agents' vouchers unsatisfactory and unsafe, a change is necessary in the public interest. There is ample opportunity for fraud and collusion in the delivery of goods both in quantity and quality. The committee are not aware that anything can be done to punish those who have hitherto extorted money from the Indians, or aided others in so doing, except to cause a strict inquiry to be made into the conduct of such of those persons as are still in the employ of the Government, and dismiss from the service all who have knowingly violated the law. It is but just to say that, so far as these payments are concerned, the Commissioner of Indian Affairs is in no way responsible.

While removing Vinnie Ream's statue of Lincoln from the rotunda of the Capitol to the old hall of the House of Representatives, where it is to be a permanent fixture, the scroll which the statue holds in his right hand representing the emancipation proclamation, broke in two, and the detached part fell to the marble floor and broke into fragments. The soothsayers have not yet found tongue on this remarkable incident. This dubious item, we would add, is from a Cincinnati paper.

OREGON.

There was quite a fall of snow at La Grande on the 10th inst.

The rate allowed by Congress for surveying timbered land in Oregon is $16 per mile, instead of $11, as we erroneously stated the other day.

The number of scholars reported by the school superintendent of Benton county is 1,950. The school fund of the county for the present year amounts to $2,437 50.

There was a snow storm of thirty hours duration a few days since in the mining districts of Baker county. Enthusiastic miners reckoned it worth $10,000 per hour.

W. B. Carter, Esq., formerly editor and proprietor of the Corvallis *Gazette*, has again formed a connection with the paper. He is now associated with C. H. James in the conduct of that journal.

The *Mountain Democrat* (La Grande) prints this notice. "All Democrats and others who have not in the past affiliated with the working and tax-paying class, but feel an interest in the welfare of the coming generation, are invited to attend a Democratic meeting to be held at the Court House in La Grande, on the first Saturday in April, 1871." This is a very singular notice. What's in the wind?

Says the Corvallis *Gazette*: The State of Oregon is controlled by the Democratic party. Where is their economy which was promised? They have created new offices, and raised the salary of others; gave $240,000 for doing a piece of work which others would have done for $125,000; and look wherever they have control and compare their economy with the economy of their opponents, and you find the same contrast.

THE TERRITORIES.

Thirty German emigrants landed at Seattle a few days since from a vessel from San Francisco.

Bellingham Bay lots are being sold at auction. It is needless to add that Bellingham Bay claims the "terminus."

The price paid for the Lake Washington coal mine, near Seattle, was $51,000. It was sold to San Francisco capitalists.

During the first twenty-five days of February, Golden Chariot (Owyhee) bullion to the amount of $100,848 21 was shipped to San Francisco.

The steamer *Chehalis* was sold at Seattle a few days since by the Deputy U. S. Marshal. It was knocked down to Mr. G. A. Meigs, of Port Madison, for $2,500.

It is reported at Puget Sound that the ship *Revere* is laid up, and that Pope & Talbot have laid up six of their vessels, owing to the deadness of the lumber market.

Some days since John G. Moxley, a fireman on board the steamer *Black Diamond* dropped dead on board of that steamer while she was at Alvord's on White River, near Seattle. Disease of the heart was understood to be the cause.

The Elko *Independent* says that the leading freighters of that place have organized a grand "Transportation and Fast Freight Company," with a capital stock of $150,000. It will have for its object the general transportation of merchandise and freight to all the principal mining sections of Eastern Nevada, with Elko as a local and grand distributing point for Idaho, Southern Nevada and Utah. The principal portion of the stock has already been taken.

From the Owyhee *Avalanche*, March 11th: Last Monday an avalanche occurred on the east side of Florida mountain. A huge mass of snow gave way, and, coming in contact with a huge bluff of rocks, was divided into two branches, one of which came half way down the gulch back of the Ida Elmore mill, the other down the gulch to the Chinese hydraulic diggings a short distance below town. Fortunately no damage was done, although the latter branch passed within twenty feet of Mat. Fife's residence a narrow escape. It tore up the ground, taking rocks, sage brush and willows with it in its course. If it had struck Silver City the town would have been knocked into a "cocked hat."

CURRENT NOTES.

Both Houses of the West Virginia Legislature have passed a bill providing for a Constitutional Convention.

The Kansas Senate has passed a bill providing that persons convicted of murder shall be hanged only within the walls of the State Prison.

There were one hundred and sixty-two divorces granted in Rhode Island in 1869, or one divorce to every fourteen marriages. Beats Oregon.

President Grant will attend the reunion of the Army of the Tennessee, in Cincinnati, on the 6th and 7th of April, if Congress is not then in session. General Sherman will also be present.

Vessels belonging to the United States revenue marine service on the great lakes, will be thoroughly overhauled in a few weeks, preparatory to their being ordered into commission for the season.

A venerable New England Bishop who had been succeeded in the rectorship of the chief church in his diocese by one who proved to have been more popular than he had been, took for his text when he had opportunity to preach there again, "O, foolish Galatians, what hath bewitched you?"

The Released Fenians—A Singular Story.

Captain Charles Underwood O'Connell, one of the Irish exiles, is a relation of Judge Underwood of Virginia. With the others, he has been in Washington, and the *Republican* of that city tells the following curious story in relation to him:

In the year 1865 he went from this country to Ireland, at a time when the British authorities at Queenstown made a practice of searching the baggage of American citizens, and arresting on suspicion whomever they thought fit. O'Connell was arrested, tried, and, on the strength of a letter found among his papers, sentenced to ten years' penal servitude. It would be difficult to conceive the astonishment of the writer of this article when he learned, day before yesterday, that a careless epistle of his written several years ago from St. Louis, Mo., to a brother in New York, was the means of consigning a friend to ten years of penal servitude.

In 1864 James Stephens paid a visit to St. Louis and gave a private exposition of his plans for the liberation of Ireland. The writer of this attended one of his levees, and struck by the man's appearance and method of argument, gave half an hour's time to a pen-and-ink sketch of Stephens and his plan for liberating Ireland. Being designed solely to fill up a few pages of private correspondence, he gave no further attention to it. But it was destined to a very unfortunate influence 3,000 miles away. The person to whom the letter was written showed it to O'Connell, who was then Captain of a New York regiment. It seems he found it so interesting that he copied it in full, and then returned the original. Soon after this he made a trip to Ireland, was arrested on suspicion, like hundreds of others, and among his papers, as previously stated, the copy of the letter in question was discovered. On the trial the Judge charged that, as it was proved the letter was in the prisoner's hand-writing, and impossible that he could write it without seeing Stephens, he must necessarily have been in the arch-conspirator's company, and privy to his plans. He was found guilty, and while pining in a British dungeon for five long years the unconscious cause of his misery remained in profound ignorance of the evil destiny that befell the long-forgotten letter.

A young lady in Keokuk went into the *Gate City* office and ordered some cards printed, and wrote her name "Belle Brown." The clerk remarked that it was the first time he had ever seen the name. The fair customer replied that she was tired of being called "Belle," and had always admired the terminal in for a lady's name. And so the cards were printed "Belle Brown," and the fashionable society of the city was consternated. It's a pretty name.

The editor of a newspaper out towards Lake Champlain has discovered a way of keeping eggs from spoiling. His method is to eat them while they are fresh.

PRESIDENT GRANT AND HIS ADMINISTRATION.

VIEWS OF THE LEADING PAPER OF NEW ENGLAND—CONFIDENCE EXPRESSED IN GRANT—AN ADMINISTRATION FREE FROM SENSATIONS AND SCANDALS.

[From the Boston Advertiser, March 4.]

To-day marks the beginning of a new paragraph if not of a new chapter in our national history. At noon to-day the Forty-first Congress ceased to exist, and the Forty-second comes into being. And to-day the administration of President Grant passes the half-way post, and enters upon the last two years of its term. The two years since the General doffed his uniform and took the oath of the higher office have sped swiftly and quietly away. The two years to come will seem to come even more rapidly, since the last of them will be crowded with the excitements of a Presidential election, for which the preparations are already beginning.

It seems to us that the public, looking back over the record which the administration has made, has great cause to be gratified. It has not been a record of universal wisdom, or of absolute success. We have not reached specie payment. We have not seen complete security of life and property established in the South. We have not taken much pride in some of the selections of men for prominent office, at home and abroad. We have learned that time is necessary to give us the desire of our hearts in all these respects. But we have made great steps forward. We have seen the price of gold fall to ten per cent. above par, and remain there without troublesome fluctuations. The whispers of repudiation have died away, and the demagogues who advocated national rascality have mounted other and less pernicious hobbies. We have seen the public debt paid off at the rate of a hundred millions of dollars a year, and at the same time have seen a great part of the burden of war taxes lifted from the shoulders of the people. We have watched a gradual though slow growth of improved feeling and of material prosperity at the South. With some notably bad appointments, for which our wretched system should bear its share of responsibility, we have had a great majority of sagacious and honorable ones. We have had a better management of the Indian question than the nation has known before for many years. We have seen the signal failure of all wicked attempts to push or tempt the country into war, and have seen the beginning of an earnest and promising effort to remove the only issue threatening unpleasant relations with any of the powers of the world. The energy of the administration has been exerted to promote a scheme of annexation, of the expediency of which the nation is by no means convinced; but willingness has been shown to bring about a full and fair exhibition of the facts bearing upon the matter, and we have no doubt the President will cheerfully accept the verdict of the people and their representatives when all the light which can be had is thrown upon the subject.

To confirm these views of the essential success of the administration, we have only to turn to the criticisms of its enemies. They are the same which filled the air before the President was elected: General Grant smokes, he makes few speeches, and has none of the pomp of power about him. He is fond of a fine horse; he seeks a cool and comfortable spot in the summer, though he *could* endure the heat of Vicksburg and Petersburg, and probably survive a Washington August if it were necessary. These were the reasons given why we should prefer Horatio Seymour in the White House. The nation weighed them in 1868 and found them trivial and insufficient, they are not more substantial now. We enter, therefore, the last half of the term with abundant reasons for confidence in the administration, based not only on what it has done, but on what it has refrained from doing. It has thus far a placid history, free from vetoes, from sensations, from scandals of any sort. To a people hungry to be making history, it might seem tame, but we have made history enough in the last decade. Our duty, as Mr. Hoar happily put it, is to see to it that no more history is written. Happy is that country whose people and whose government are in agreement on this one point, and can say heartily together, "Let us have peace."

Col Job Stout, Recorder of Hardin county, Iowa, has a wonderful pocket-book, according to this, from the El Dorado *Ledger*: "It was made of pig skin, dressed by one of the Pilgrim Fathers, and manufactured into its present shape by himself. It was from the back of the first hog slain by the Colonists. A forefather of Colonel Stout's carried the pig skin wallet through the French war and the Indian, and was shot beside the brave General Wolfe on the bloody Heights of Abraham in September, 1759. The pocket-book, containing some English coin, found its way back to the right family, and held nothing but English coin and Bank of England notes until the Revolutionary war. Colonel Stout's grandfather marched with it on his person to Canada with General Montgomery. It was at Stillwater; ferried the Delaware at the memorable Trenton surprise; and when peace was declared, contained two thousand dollars of continental currency, most of which its present owner retains. In the late internecine war, Colonel Job Stout carried the pig skin wallet through several engagements, and when he fell at Richmond, the historical wallet of Pilgrim pig skin was perforated with bullets and saturated with blood. The Colonel's coat is now on exhibition at Indianapolis, riddled by forty bullets. This wallet has been in use 100 years.

"I remember," says John Wesley, "hearing my father say to my mother, 'How could you have patience to tell that blockhead the same thing twenty times over?' 'Why,' said she, 'if I had told him but nineteen times, I should have lost all my labor.'"

DR. J. H. BATCH,

DENTIST.

The patronage of those desiring FIRST-CLASS OPERATIONS respectfully solicited.

Satisfaction in all cases guaranteed.

NITROUS OXIDE administered for the Painless Extraction of Teeth.

OFFICE—No. 100 First street, opposite the Postoffice. n24dawtf

NEW TO-DAY.

A BARGAIN OFFERED!

SPLENDID DRUG BUSINESS FOR SALE

WISHING TO RETIRE FROM ACTIVE BUSiness, owing to protracted ill-health the undersigned offers his large and flourishing DRUG ESTABLISHMENT in this city for sale

AT A LOW FIGURE FOR CASH.

Apply soon, if you want a bargain, to

GEO. F. SETTLEMEIR,

mr11dim Albany, Oregon

The "Vancouver Steamboat Company" does not claim the whole of the Columbia River, but simply desires to "Live and let Live."

Competition vs. Monopoly.

THE NEW AND FAST RUNNING STEAMER

VANCOUVER,

J. T. KERNS ..... Master,

Will leave Portland, at Washington Street Wharf, at 7½ o'clock A. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, for Freeport, calling at all points on the route for the accommodation of the public, stopping at KALAMA.

Leave Freeport at 6 A. M. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, calling at Monticello every trip.

The VANCOUVER will come up through Willamette Slough on Wednesdays and go down through the Slough on Thursdays.

And will go to Humphreys and Cowlitz Landings, when business demands, on Saturdays.

Will also touch at Capt. Reed's Landing on Lake river, coming up via Bachelor's Slough, on Monday, and return same route on Tuesday.

Of this arrangement take due notice and govern yourselves accordingly. Contracts can be made on reasonable terms by calling on board or b, app'ying to

Williams Bros., Agents ..... St. Helens
Capt. Reed, ... Kalama
Capt Olson, ... Freeport

Or to W. H. TROUPE, Managing Owner.
S. W. BROWN,
President Vancouver Steam Company

mr11dtf

Amusements.

ORO FINO THEATER.

LESSEE ..... MRS. F. M. BATES
STAGE MANAGER ..... J. H. WINSOR

Family Prices!

Dress Circle ..... 50 cents
Reserved Seats 75
Gallery 25

NEW ATTRACTION! GRAND ARRAY OF TALENT!

MRS. F. M. BATES,

Miss Annie Pixley, Miss Minnie Pixley, Miss Nellie Cummings, Miss Lizzie Ingles, Miss Gemma Franklo and the Ethiopian Character Delineators, MESSRS. COGILL and COOPER

Tuesday Evening, March 21, 1871,

The performance will commence with

THE DEAF MAN OF THE VILLAGE!

OR, MILKY WHITE.

Daniel White (unpopularly known as Milky White) ..... F. M. Bates
Dick Dugs (a cow boy) ..... J. H. Winsor
Annie White ..... Miss Annie Pixley
Mrs. Bodrap ..... Miss Lizzie Ingles

Supported by the Company.

A GRAND MELANGE!

Duet—"Sad hours of parting"...Annie and Minnie Pixley
Essence of Old Virginia ..... COGILL and COOPER
DUET—"Spirit, hear my prayer" ..... ANNIE PIXLEY
SONG and DANCE ..... MISS MINNIE PIXLEY
Plantation Darkeys ..... COGILL and COOPER

GRAND VOCAL & INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT

GIVEN AT

PHILHARMONIC HALL,

Tuesday Even'g, March 21, 1871.

M. BAHR ..... Conductor.

On which occasion

OCTAVIA BEATRICE MERCIER

Will appear in Ritoro Barili's celebrated Vocal Solo,

"CARLOTTA DE LA MESRICANO."

The Concert will open with a

Grand INSTRUMENTAL OVERTURE

"*Pleir et Playsan*," by *Du Vaudeville*.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, Concert at 8, sharp.

TICKETS ..... ONE DOLLAR

mr17tdd

TWO LECTURES

ON

Geology of the Great Basin of the Interior of Oregon.

BY

REV. THOMAS CONDON,

AT

PHILHARMONIC HALL,

TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY EVEN'GS, March 14th and 22d,

At 7 30 o'clock.

Tickets, $1 00; single admission, 50 cents.

AT THE REQUEST OF SEVERAL GENTLEMEN prominently connected with the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, together with many citizens of Portland, the Rev. Thomas Condon has consented to give TWO LECTURES as above indicated.

Mr. Condon has devoted much of his time and talent in reading up the buried history of Eastern Oregon. So far as the interesting science of Geology (of which he is an enthusiastic student) could aid him, he has done more for Oregon, Geologically, than all others, and to show appreciation for past services as well as to aid him in prosecuting further search, the first proceeds of these Lectures will be for Mr. C.'s sole benefit. Let us show your appreciation of honest worth and fill the house to overflowing.

Tickets can be had at the bookstores of S. J. McCormick and Morris & Holman, and at the office of Oregon Steam Navigation Co.

Portland, March 8, 1871. mr8dtd

PROGRAMME OF EXERCISES

FOR THE

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONCERT AND EXHIBITION!

AT THE

TAYLOR ST. M. E. CHURCH

ON

Thursday Eve'g, March 23d,

At 7½ o'clock.

Anthem ..... By the Choir
Prayer ..... Rev. Wm. Roberts
Battle Song ..... By a Class

Address of Welcome.

Male Quartette, "Wanderer's Return" ..... Class
Charade ..... By the Infant Class
Song and Chorus ..... "Sweet bye and bye"
Colloquy, "The Glosaire" ..... By a Class of Nine
Christian Freedom Song ..... By a Class

Recitations with Song.

Solo.

Colloquy ..... A. B, C Class
Male Quartette ..... "Not a bit of it, Harry"
Recitation ..... "The Price of Peace"
Quartette ..... "I'm Dreaming"
Colloquy, "Choice of Trades" ..... Class of Eleven Boys
Song and Chorus ..... "When he left me"

mr20 Closing Address. dtd

GRAND BALL AT KALAMA

ON

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 23D,

AT THE

RIVERSIDE RESTAURANT,

KALAMA, W. T.

THE "VANCOUVER" LEAVES FOOT OF WASHington street, Portland, for Cowlitz, Thursday at 8 A. M., stopping at Kalama, returning same evening to Kalama, Friday morning to Cowlitz, same morning to Portland via Kalama.

TICKETS TO BALL AND SUPPER ..... $3 50.

The managers have arranged with the *Dixie Thompson*, from Astoria, to lay over at Kalama Thursday night.

mr15dtd

RIDER & DeLASHMUTT,

REAL ESTATE AND INTELLIGENCE OFFICE,

NO. 93 FRONT STREET.

PARTIES DESIRING HELP—EITHER MALE or Female—can procure it in Less than no time by leaving their orders with us.

Parties desiring situations will do well to give us a call.

HOUSES TO RENT,

AND

FARMS AND CITY PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

We won't call especial attention to our Bill of Fare—comprising some of the most desirable Lots in the City and best Farms in the State.

A TEAM is in readiness to convey parties to the property FREE OF CHARGE. RIDER & DeLASHMUTT.

mr20dtf

PORTLAND

Library Association.

ROOMS,

CORNER OF STARK AND FIRST STREETS,

OVER LADD & TILTON'S BANK.

CONTAINING 3,000 VOLUMES OF CHOICE BOOKS AND OVER 100 PAPERS AND PERIODICALS.

Membership Free to All.

Monthly Dues $1 00, payable Quarterly.

DIRECTORS:

CHARLES B. CALEF, L. H. WAKEFIELD,
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HENRY A. OXER,
Librarian and Recording Secretary.

CHAS. E. CALEF,
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F. C. SCHUYLER, Jr.,
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Pr. ——.

ap7tdtf

Ocean Steamers.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT,

Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION COMPANY'S Steamship

IDAHO,

H. M. GREGORY ..... Commander

Will leave Couch's Wharf for the above port

SATURDAY, MARCH 25, 1871,

At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, No. 9 Front St. GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For Port Townsend, Seattle, Steilacoom, Olympia & Victoria.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION COMPANY'S Steam Propeller

CALIFORNIA,

JOHN HAYES ..... Commander,

Will leave Couch's Wharf for the above ports

TUESDAY, MARCH 28, 1871,

At 4 o'clock, P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, No. 9 Front street. GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For San Juan, Nanaimo and Sitka.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION CO.'S Steam Propeller

GEO. S. WRIGHT,

N. L. ROGERS ..... Commander

Will leave Couch's Wharf for the above ports

TUESDAY, MARCH 28, 1871,

At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, No. 9 Front St. GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS,

Sailing from New York

Every Saturday and Alternate Tuesday

Cabin Passage, to Liverpool (gold) $75 00
Steerage Passage to Liverpool (currency) 30 00

Passage from Liverpool to New York

Cabin (gold) $75 00
Steerage (currency) 34 00

Round Trip Tickets issued at very low rates.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
16 Broadway, New York.
Or GEO. W. WEIDLER,
No. 9 Front St., Portland, Oregon.

ja19dtf

SPRING STYLES

IN

SILK HATS!

AND OTHERS,

Are ready and for sale at

J. C. MUESSDORFFER & BRO.

THE GRANVILLE,
GERMANIA,
HOOK, AND
KING WILLIAM HAT,

ARE THE LATEST ARRIVALS.

mr13dtf

FOR SALE

BY

STITZEL & UPTON,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

COR. FRONT & WASHINGTON STS.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

100,000 Acres

OF CHOICE WALLAMETTE VALLEY LANDS, improved or unimproved, situated in the Rich and Fertile counties of Washington, Yamhill, Polk, Benton, Lane, Linn and other counties.

ALSO,

A large amount of choice Home Stead and Business Property situated in the cities of Portland and East Portland.

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO PURCHASE!

The Wallamette Valley Railroad Company will complete their first Twenty miles of Railroad commencing at Portland and running west 20 miles, by Nov. 1, 1871.

For further particulars as to location and prices of lands, apply at our office. STITZEL & UPTON.

Branch Offices:

WILLIAM DAWSON, Agt., McMinnville, Yamhill Co.
J. C. MENDENHALL, Albany.
J. H. MURPHY, Salem, Oregon.
W. L. BARLOW, Oregon City. fe15dtf

MILK! MILK!

TO THE PUBLIC I WOULD SAY THAT I HAVE a LARGE DAIRY a short distance from the city, and have the

BEST MILK BROUGHT TO THE MARKET!

I only Feed my Cows on Hay and Grain, giving me a better milk than those fed on Distillery Slops. I can furnish Stores, Hotels and private Families.

Stop the Cart when the Bell Rings

Or leave your orders at McClinn's State Bakery, corner Madison and First streets, or at Robert Pittock's, corner Morrison and First streets. J. H. RATHBUN,
mr15dtm Portland Dairy.

SELLING OFF AT COST.

INTENDING TO CLOSE OUT OUR BUSINESS, WE will sell our Stock of Goods AT COST. We have a general assortment of Merchandise, consisting of

Ladies' Dress Goods,

CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES,

GROCERIES, &C.

Those desiring to purchase will find it to their advantage to buy of us at our LOW PRICES

WM. MASTERS & CO.,

Cor. Front and Yamhill Sts., Portland.

mr14dtm

CLORIOUS VICTORY!

THAT ACHIEVED BY CASSIN'S

XXX WILD GRAPE ROOT BITTERS

Over all competitors. They are the best! The Judges at the last Mechanics' Fair decided that point. Sold everywhere. Try them fe21d3m2p

LAFAYETTE RESTAURANT.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED THE entire interest of P. Mancini in the LAFAYETTE RESTAURANT would inform the public that he will supply the tables with all the Luxuries to be found in the market in the best style, with attention and promptness.

mr17dtf SOLOMON HARRIS.

Auction and Commission.

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER,

Corner of [illegible]

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

OF REAL ESTATE

CHAIN [illegible]

Sale Days—We [illegible]

At Private [illegible] Sale.

ENGLISH [illegible]
Do SQUIRE [illegible]
HORSE PISTOLS [illegible]
SCREWS, KEY-[illegible]

Large assortment [illegible]

Regular and Peremptory Sale

Furniture, Groceries

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, &c.

I will sell [illegible]

ON WEDNESDAY [illegible] MARCH 22,

Groceries.

50 [illegible]
100 [illegible]
60 [illegible]
50 Le[illegible]
10 L[illegible]
100 box [illegible] SOAP,
80 Ex. [illegible]
[illegible] CANDLES,
[illegible] COPPER
[illegible] TOBACCO,
A. B. RICHARDSON,

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.

DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS AND [illegible]

OFFER TO DEAL [illegible]

BOILED LINSEED
RAW
SPIRITS TURPENTINE
VARNISHES, [illegible]
PAINT AND WHITE [illegible]
WINDOW GLASS,
CHINA OIL,
YARD [illegible]
MACHINE [illegible]
TANNERS [illegible]
COAL OIL, [illegible]

In lots to suit at the lowest approved credit.

HODGE CALEF & CO.

DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS AND [illegible]

OFFER TO DEAL [illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 21, 1871.

CITY.

We Give it Up.—Everybody is waiting into impatience for the opening of better weather. Farmers have been able to do little or nothing yet toward preparing for the next crop. Some grain was sown last fall, but none was sown in the month of February, the time when much seeding is usually done, especially on hill lands. The season so far is very similar to that of 1859, when it continued to rain till late in the spring, and then suddenly became very dry. Nobody can predict anything with certainty about the seasons here, else we might express a fear lest a drought would set in about the month of May and prove injurious to crops. But it is not worth while to speculate on a subject upon which even the almanac makers are at fault. There, for instance, is our friend McCormick, who has been making almanacs in Oregon for nearly twenty years; yet from all his experience we doubt if he could tell whether it would rain the whole of next week or not. At all events his almanac, useful publication as it is, furnishes no satisfactory information on the subject. Now if the Oregon Almanac doesn't know, why should we worry? On the whole we guess the weather conundrum is too much for us, and we give it up.

Shipping Items.—We learn that the *Jane A. Falkinburg*, having completed her cargo for Honolulu, is expected to sail from Astoria to-day.

The British ship *Prince of Wales*, Robert Adamson, Master, has arrived and is lying moored alongside McCraken, Merrill & Co's wharf. She is a ship of 507.11 registered tons, built at Southampton, England, in 1850. In her London register of February, 1866, her owners were written, "The Governor and Company of Adventurers of England, trading into Hudson's Bay." She was built specially for the Hudson's Bay trade, and for the purpose of providing against the perils of ice in high latitudes she was built exceedingly strong and then doubly planked to her deep water line. She bows have two thicknesses of heavy oak over her natural hull, giving her a peculiar bluff appearance, as if she were carrying swelled cheeks. She came in ballast to Messrs. Allen & Lewis, who will load her with wheat for England.

Taxidermy.—If a thing of beauty is a joy forever, then Jo. Buchtel and Carl Bosco are making everlasting things every day. Their Remarkable are, as works of art, very beautiful—quite beyond anything in the photograph line heretofore seen among us. The blending of lights and shades is delicate and perfect, while the distinctness of even the minutest lines is almost wonderful. Nothing could better illustrate the progress made in photography than a comparison of one of these pictures with the best styles taken ten years ago. The latter appear very crude and imperfect, and the person making the comparison is pretty sure to conclude that he or she must have a head. And, by the way, Mr. Buchtel's gallery is now one of the most tastefully arranged and beautiful places of the kind on this coast. Mr. Bosco, we believe, is the operator, while Mr. Buchtel devotes himself to the finishing and touching-up process. Between the two, they make a picture which renders the phiz. of even the ugliest man or woman in town, quite an ornamental affair.

The Steamer Varuna.—Capt. J. H. Gray's new steamer *Varuna*, recently brought around from Puget Sound, is lying at McCraken, Merrill & Co's wharf. She was brought up for the purpose of having some changes and repairs effected in her machinery. She is a propeller built in the rig style, by one of the Puget Sound milling companies, and is very staunch and of great tugging power—over 100 horse power—capable of towing any sized vessel entering our rivers from six to eight miles an hour against the current. She has often made fourteen miles an hour on Puget Sound and on the trip up Saturday, she made ten miles an hour against the current, with only thirty pounds of steam. Capt. Gray will at once fit her up with good passenger accommodations, and put her on the lower Columbia river as an excursion, freight and tug steamer.

The Mails.—The mails have been somewhat irregular for the last few days, in consequence of the high stage of water in the Willamette river. The trouble is beyond Albany. The stage route crosses at Corvallis, but ferrying has been impossible for several days in consequence of the overflow of the banks, and the mails have been forwarded only with extreme difficulty. On Sunday they were brought down from Corvallis to Albany in a skiff. When the mails coming this way get to Albany, there is no further trouble, as the railroad brings them through.

Shoe Fly.—Mr. G. T. Bolter, of the broom factory, No. 29 Front street, finished and exhibited on Saturday, the mounting of a beautiful lot of brushes, from a fly-brush. The workmanship was neat, and the effect of the rich plumage as ... aged, beautiful. If there is a fly in the world whose soul is so dead to beauty as not to admire that brush, he or she must be a bad, bad fly, indeed, and deserving of the fate that awaits it when that brush shall get into angry hands.

Dry it Spotted.—The Victorians and Puget Sounders have finally got the terminus of the South Pacific Railroad "spotted." It is going to be at Bellingham Bay. The *Colonist* of a few days since, says the company has bought the Bay coal mines and all the adjoining lands they could lay their hands on. To the Victorians and Puget Sound mind this means "coal" as plain as a black hat in a snow drift.

Wages of Railroad Corporators.—We are informed that there will be a meeting to-night at the Police Court room of the corporators of the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad Company. We are not advised as to the full extent of the business in contemplation, but probably citizens of the company will be chosen and steps taken to promote the taking of stock. At all events there should be a full attendance.

Piano Sold.—Captain Bowman's Steamer Pony was sold upon execution by Sheriff Bills on Monday. Walter Moffett was the purchaser at $600. She cost originally much more than that, ... the repairs and new machinery put in by Capt. Bowman, in doing which he involved himself in debt, thus necessitating the sale of the boat. The ways of steamboating are dark, as Capt. Bowman has discovered.

Lilama.—This new city is continually rising in notice. A post office was established there some days ago, and the people thereby frandered nothing in floods of Pub. Docs. and Congressional Globes. The latest dignity was added by Wells, Fargo & Co. who have established an express office there.—J. Seller & Co., agents.

Manic Excitement.—The opening of Ackerman's Dollar Store last evening, proved quite a success. The crowd, for a couple of hours, was immense. It really seemed that everybody and his wife were either there or on the way; or had just gone away. It was something so new for Portland, that hundreds went just to see how the thing worked.

Commissioner of Deeds.—Gov. Hoffman of New York, has appointed Mr. John C. Carroll, of this city, a Commissioner of Deeds for the State of New York.

A RESOLUTION OF THANKS.

At a meeting of the Committee of Arrangements —composed of a conjoint delegation of three persons each—from the Portland Hibernian Benevolent Society, Fenian Brotherhood and the Emmet Guard, Associations of this city, hereby incorporated an acknowledgement of thanks to the lessees and management of Ore Finé Theater for the use of the theater, which was generously given without cost, on the 17th instant, the occasion of the celebration of St. Patrick's Day.

W. P. BURKE, President.
J. J. Murphy, Secretary.

THE COURTS.

Monday, March 20, 1871.

U. S. District Court—Deady, Judge—Christian Hansen vs F. Fowle and A. F. Turner; libel for personal damages; cause tried and submitted. Thompson and Burmester for libellant; Hoyt for defendant, Fowler; Whalley for defendant, Turner.

A. D. Wass vs steamship *California*, N. P. T. Co. claimant; cause set for trial on to-morrow at one o'clock, P. M. Strong for libellant; Dolph for claimant.

The Court adjourned till to-morrow.

ARUSEMENTS.

Concert To-night.—At Philharmonic Hall this evening the following musical programme will be presented by the ladies and gentlemen who recently gave the concert at the First Baptist Church assisted by several new voices:

Part First—Overture—"Post at Payson"—Du Vaudeville.
Chorus—"On to Glory"—Air from Louis De Lammermoor.
Quartette—"Eighty Years Ago"—James D. Clark.
Solo—"Thou art so near and yet so far"—Richardt.
Solo—"Transit in Air"—Hayes.
Chant—"Eva Lee"—F. H. Pease.
Cornet Solo—"Air from Lucretia Borgia"—Verdi.
Solo—"Beware"—J. E. Perring.
Chorus—"Annie Laurie"—Newly arranged by F. H. Pease.

Part Second.—Solo—"The Old Sexton"—Henry Russell.
Duet—"Listen to the wood-bird's song"—S. Glover.
Quartette—"Come where my love lies dreaming"—S. C. Foster.
Trio—"The Witches' Glee"—From the play of Macbeth.
Solo—"The Exile"—T. B. Hunt.
Violin Solo—"Air Varie"—De Beriot.
Quartette—"Bridge of Sighs"—Thos. Hood.
Quartette—"Snow Storm"—I. B. Woodbury.
Solo—by Octavia Beatrice Mercier—"Carlotta de la Mesticano"—Ettore Barili.

Once Fine Theater.—The popularity of the drama of "Ireland As it Is," drew another good house last evening, but the piece is now withdrawn to give place to the "Deaf Man of the Village," in which Mr. Bates will assume his great character of Milky White. Mr. Vinson, the Pixleys, Miss Ingles, Miss Cummings and all the rest of the company, will appear in the cast. After the play, a grand musical and terpsichorean melange.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Monday, March 20, 1871.

W. S. Bybee to Juretta White, right, title and interest of grantor to all real and personal estate of M. White, deceased, in Multnomah county; warranty deed, September 3, 1867; consideration, $50.

Thomas Tice to Hugh Martin, the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 30, in township 1 south, range 4, containing 40 acres; warranty deed, March 3, 1871; consideration, $600.

W. W. Chapman to Thomas Robertson, confirmatory deed to lots 1, 2, 7 and 8, block 251, in the city of Portland; March 6, 1871; consideration, $5 50.

P. S. Caffrey and wife to John McKean, southwest quarter and lot No. 6 of section 24, and the north half of the northwest quarter of section 25, township 1 north, range 1 west, containing 153 acres; warranty deed, February 5, 1871; consideration, $700.

THE WASHINGTON COUNTY RAPE CASE.

NOTE FROM THE DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY.

Ed. Daily Oregonian: In your local column of to-day is an item entitled "A Revolting Case," the reference being to an examination recently had of a charge against one Blanchard, before a Magistrate at Hillsboro, which we think would do injustice to all the parties involved without some explanation. Being associated with Judge Jackson in defense of the cause, and having heard all the testimony, we believe there are not a half dozen persons out of the hundreds who were present at the examination, but are satisfied that the charge was wholly owing to a mistapprehension of fact, and that no such circumstances, as are alleged, ever occurred. All parties involved have heretofore sustained unexceptionable characters; all are respectably connected, and, doubtless, regret the publicity already given to this unfortunate mistake. JOHN F. CAPLES.

Portland, March 20, 1871.

After all, the attorney for the defense does not inform us whether the accused was honorably acquitted or held to answer. The force of his remarks depends very much upon the statement to be made in that respect. We have not learned the result of the examination.

Oregon Musical Institute.—The third division in vocal music met yesterday afternoon at Philharmonic Hall, and received their first lessons in the rudiments of vocal music. Some forty pupils attended this class. Pupils for this division will not be received after Thursday next. This division will now be known as the second, and the *third division* will be formed on Wednesday, April 26th, at 4½ o'clock. As this class will embrace many who have been waiting to make their arrangements to attend the school—and already are registered—those wishing to join this class will please register their names and procure tickets as soon as possible, as the class will be limited.

It is well known that, in different parts of the world, there are people who eat earth; among them are some of the natives of Java, who eat a red kind of earth as a luxury. This earth which is soft and smooth to the touch, has been analyzed by a German chemist, who finds it very rich in iron, with a small quantity of potash and soda. Some tribes eat earth, to stay the pangs of hunger by filling their stomachs, and because at times they can get nothing better; but the people in Java eat their earth baked in thin cakes, as an agreeable variety in their general diet. The cakes, when slightly moistened, are rich and unctuous, and the enjoyment in eating is supposed to consist in the sensation produced by a fatty substance. It is a curious fact in the history of human habits.

In Irvington Washington Irving was "Neighbor Arvin" among the yeomen of Sleepy Hollow and the region round about; but as the man who had made their land shine with such a wonderful witchery he was hardly known.

Do you desire a handsome Suit of Clothing? If you do, go to Isaac Sarman, corner First and Alder streets, Odd Fellows Temple.

J. O'Neil & Co. have just received and opened one of the best assorted lots of Gents' Furnishing Goods and Clothing ever brought into this city, consisting of all kinds of Clothing, Collars, Cuffs, Gloves, Ties, Hosiery, and a large invoice of the Bear Suiter, the best fitting and best made Shirt now worn. Their goods are of the latest styles and choicest patterns. Persons wishing spring goods and styles should not fail to give them a call. They cannot but be pleased with both their goods and prices.

Spring Styles.—Kohn & Fishel, as usual, are the first to fill their store with the new Spring Styles of Clothing and Furnishing Goods. Their stock is very large, and their goods of the best quality, and latest styles. Messrs. Kohn & Fishel buy their goods in large quantities, consequently, get them at low rates and can afford to sell cheap, which they intend to do.

They respectfully invite their friends and patrons to give them a call.

The New and Valuable Improvement in Securing Dental Fillings.—Patent applied for in January, A. D. 1871—is used only by the inventor, Dr. C. H. Mack, Office of Mack & Welch, in the Odd Fellows' Building, Portland.

We say it now as we've said it before,
That C. M. Marvin's Grocery Store
Is where you can make the best pickings
Of all sorts of game, and of chickens,
Of fresh butter and pounding big eggs,
And fish of all sorts, dried or in kegs;
Of the best kind of bacon and hams,
And of pickles and jellies and jams;
Vegetables and fruits of the season,
And everything good that in reason
You can ask or wish to make a good dish.

Barbour's Linen Thread is nicely put up in boxes, and with special reference to the *Retail Trade*, so that all numbers may be sold at one price.

Hannon's O. N. T. Thread is unequalled for strength and evenness of thread. Try it and be convinced of its superior qualities.

A Grateful Acknowledgment.—A. J. Charlock, a printer in the office of the Ohio *Weekly Clarion*, writes to the proprietors of the Plantation Bitters as follows: "Three months ago I was the mere shadow of a man; and so debilitated that my limbs shook under me while at work. The compositor at the next case said to me one day, 'Andrew, you need a tonic; that's what's the matter; and there's no tonic that was ever got up equal to Plantation Bitters. Try 'em.' I have tried 'em, and you are at liberty to state (referring to me for confirmation) that they have restored my health, and, I believe, saved my life."

Sea Moss Farina from pure Irish Moss, for Blanc Mange, Puddings, Custards, Creams, &c., &c. The cheapest, healthiest and most delicious food in the world.

"Time tries all things," and has proven that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is the remedy *par excellence*, for the cure of coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, asthma, phthisic, sore throat, influenza, and "last, not least," consumption.

GENERAL ITEMS.

An advertisement of cod liver oil ends thus: "Patients who have once taken it can take no other."

A tough old widower, in response to a neighbor who addressed words of comfort to him, replied: "Well, yes, I shall miss her—she was a very expensive woman."

The new trowel bayonet is being made at the Springfield armory. It serves either as a picket, shovel, hatchet or weapon, and can but be very useful in field service.

A Western editor, speaking of a rogue who lives in his vicinity, says: "The rascal has broken every bunk and jail and Sabbath we had in the country for the last five years."

The wedding trip of a rural couple in Connecticut consisted of a ride to New Haven in their own wagon, and then a trip over the street railroad from one end to the other and then back again.

The proposed change in the time of school vacations at Boston, if carried into effect, will give the boys and girls about half a week more of holidays in the year than they now get.

The Virginians are squabbling for the honor of being recorded as the first one to fire a gun on Virginia soil against the United States Government in 1861. When it has been decided, see if the name of the honorable party is not the name of the party who has robbed the most hen-roosts in that region.

At Syracuse a jury has just assessed the damages which a father sustained in consequence of having his little girl of four years of age run over by the street cars, at $200. They then settled the value of bears. The owners of two cubs, each about as large as a "black and tan" were smothered to death while being shipped by rail. The jury awarded damages to the plaintiff in the sum of $450 for each bear! A child of four years old is therefore valued at $200 and a young bear at $450.

Fat and Thin Girls.—Are you too fat? Eat less food with a larger proportion of meat; rise early in the morning and exercise much. This will reduce your weight. Even diminishing the quantity of food alone, without any other change, will be sure to do it. It is impossible that excessive fat, either in horse or man, can hold out against a persistent reduction in the quantity of food. And if the reduction be gradual and judicious, the strength is not lessened, but is steadily increased, until the excess in fat is all gone.

And I will add, that after two or three days there will be no sense of hunger until the excess has been removed.

Are you thin? Sleep more by going to bed earlier; do not overwork; eat freely of oatmeal porridge, Graham mush, cracked wheat and hulled corn; and all with milk and sugar. Cultivate a cheerful, happy temper.

Our young folks should never sleep in bedrooms that have not the direct sunshine. They should never sleep in bedrooms the windows of which are shaded by a piazza or a tree; and if they would have the best health they must live as constantly as possible in the sunshine. And all who have delicate health must, with their clothes removed, take daily sun baths during the summer season. Such a bath will give them very little trouble, and they have no idea how much it will add to their health and happiness. One good bath in the sunshine is worth more than many baths in water, valuable as these are. Some people admire pale girls. They make very good ghosts, but are not worth much as girls.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON.

REAL ESTATE DEALER.

Office, No. 54 Front Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

REAL ESTATE in this CITY and EAST PORTLAND, in the most desirable localities, consisting of LOTS, HALF BLOCKS and BLOCKS, HOUSES and STORES; also,

IMPROVED FARMS, and valuable uncultivated LANDS, located in ALL parts of the STATE for SALE.

REAL ESTATE and other Property purchased for Correspondents, in this CITY and throughout the STATES and TERRITORIES, with great care and on the most ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS.

HOUSES and STORES LEASED, LOANS NEGOTIATED and CLAIMS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS PROMPTLY COLLECTED. And a General FINANCIAL and AGENCY BUSINESS transacted.

AGENTS of this OFFICE in all the CITIES and TOWNS in the STATE, will receive descriptions of FARM PROPERTY and forward the same to the above address. fold&wtf

C. H. MACK. J. WELCH.

MACK & WELCH,

DENTISTS,

Office—Odd Fellows' Temple, cor. First and Alder Streets.

The patronage of those desiring superior operations is in especial request.

Nitrous Oxide, for the painless extraction of Teeth.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH, "better than the best" and as *cheap as the cheapest*. my26dawtf

DR. J. R. CARDWELL,

Dentist.

DENTAL ROOMS,

No. 99 First Street, Portland, Oregon

The Late and Improved Styles of work at Reduced Rates. Nitrous Oxide Gas for the painless Extraction of Teeth. ap12tf

Trust what Time has Sanctioned.

The maxim that the voice of the people is the voice of the divinity, may in some cases be open to doubt, but the testimony of honest and enlightened witnesses extending through a series of years, and all to the same purport is worthy of credence, admits of no question. Upon such testimony the reputation of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as an antidote and cure for many ailments is based. During the twenty years that it has been before the world, innumerable preparations intended to compete with it have gone up like rockets and come down the extinguished sticks. Meanwhile the progress of that incomparable tonic has been swift and steady—always upward and onward like the eagle's flight. Its introduction produced a revolution in therapeutics, and it proved to be one of those salutary revolutions that cannot go backwards. To-day Hostetter's Bitters is one of the most popular remedies in christendom, and commands a larger sale than any other medicinal preparation, domestic or imported, on this side of the Atlantic. As a cure for dyspepsia, bilious disorders, nervous affections, general debility, and as a preventive of epidemic fevers, it takes precedence of every other remedy. This fact should teach the ambitious country dealers who endeavor to foist their local apothems on the public in its stead, how futile their small attempts to cajole the community must necessarily be. Where the game fish have failed there is no chance for the "suckers."

A HOUSEHOLD BLESSING.

One that no family should be without. Very warming, very penetrating, very strengthening, very effective. A never-failing remedy for Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Pleurisy, Sore Throat, Colic, Cramps, Cholera Morbus, Swellings, Stiff Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Pain in the Breast, Lame Back and all Lameness and Pain. Such is Pratt's Asiatic Oil. Price, large, $1 00; small, 50 cents. For sale by all druggists. Ask for Pratt's Asiatic Oil, and take no substitute.

PRATT'S NEW LIFE

The famous Vegetable Blood Purifier and Liver Invigorator, thoroughly purifies the Blood, speedily cures Scrofula, Skin Diseases, Heals old sores and ulcers and eradicates from the system all humors and disorders arising from impure blood. It stimulates the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the whole system, operates mildly on the bowels, allaying all internal inflammation, and is the best Purifying, Regulating and Invigorating Remedy in the world. Price, $1 00. For sale by all druggists.

A. McBOYLE & CO., Proprietors,
Druggists, San Francisco.
fal1d3m

For Sale.

For Sale.

A FOUR YEAR OLD STALLION, CAN BE SEEN at Rube & Goddard's Livery Stables. Will sell reasonable. LOUIS GODDARD.
mr20dawtw

Farm for Sale.

A FIRST RATE STOCK OR DAIRY FARM containing 160 acres, situated on the north side of Baker's Bay, W.T., about three or four miles from the Fort at Cape Disappointment. There are about 7-or or five hundred acres of Prairie on this claim, all under fence with a House and good Barn on it.

Also, Twenty-five Milch Cows for sale.

For further particulars inquire of the undersigned (by letter or otherwise) at Oysterville, Pacific county, W. T., or Messrs. Williams & Myers, No. 5 Central Block, Portland, Oregon. mr13d3m&tf H. S. GILE.

FOR SALE.

THE STEAM PROPELLER "WASP," OF about Nineteen Tons burthen, fast, strong and in good order. Will be sold cheap if application is made soon.

Also, one double Engine of about 10-horse Power. Apply at the boat to JOHN BOWMAN, or Portland P. O. fe21dtf

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOUR SPLENDID PIGEON-HOLE TABLES; SEVERAL Second-Hand Billiard Tables with new beds and Latest Improved Patent Cushions; Billiard Cloth, Balls, &c., &c.

All kinds of Furniture Repaired, Varnished and Re-Polished on the most reasonable terms.

142 Front street.
ja14d3awtpavtf CH. LOUIS KUHN.

To Let.

For Rent.

ON 1ST APRIL, 1871, TWO SUITES OF ROOMS in "Central Block," now occupied by U. S. Pay Department; also, Brick Store, now occupied by Commissary Department. Apply to

A. P. ANKENY,
Or, P. O. Box 93.
mr13dtf

Rooms to Rent to Gentlemen.

THE FURNITURE AND BEDDING ALL NEW; Rooms Hard Finished, lofty and well Ventilated. S. E. corner Washington and Fifth Sts.
mr3dtf

Furnished Room with Board.

A WELL FURNISHED COMMODIOUS ROOM, suitable for a small family, or two gentlemen, with use of Parlor, and with first class Board and attendance can be obtained at the "WHITE HOUSE," North Third Street, between B and C. Also, room at Table for three or four more boarders. MRS. E. C. HOLDEN.
mr13dtm

THE NEW CITY HALL,

40x65 feet,
Main Street, Walla Walla,
IS NOW READY FOR
THEATERS, BALLS, &c.

Parties wishing to engage can do so by applying to
fe10d6m JOHN DOVELL.

ESTABLISHED.....1851.

E. J. NORTHRUP.

Importer and Dealer in

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
Iron and Steel,
HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES,
AND
HARDWOOD LUMBER,
CORDAGE, TAR, PITCH, OAKUM AND OARS.

AGENT FOR
A. S. HALLIDIE & CO.,
WIRE ROPE MANUFACTURERS,
San Francisco, Cal.

Corner Front and Yamhill Sts.,
f2 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

CORBETT, FAILING & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO
HENRY FAILING AND H. W. CORBETT & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
CUTLERY,
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
IRON and STEEL,
ROPE, ETC., ETC.

Agents for the Sale of
DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER.

Nos. 53 & 55 Front St.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Portland, January 2, 1871. ja23tf

DEAN & BROTHER,

LAND AGENTS,

No. 92 Front Street,

fe3 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

The Oldest Real Estate Agency in Oregon.

PARRISH, ATKINSON & WOODWARD

Real Estate Agents,

CORNER ALDER AND FRONT STS.,

Have Property for Sale in

PORTLAND, EAST PORTLAND,

And Throughout OREGON Generally

WE CAN OFFER SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS to purchasers of

REAL ESTATE

HOUSES RENTED,
RENTS COLLECTED,
MONEY LOANED,
TAXES PAID,

And everything that pertains to the Real Estate Business attended to with promptness.

LEGAL PAPERS written and acknowledged at any time.

L. M. PARRISH. J. L. ATKINSON,
mr10 TYLER WOODWARD. Notary Public. dtf

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.

PORTLAND, OREGON

GEO. L. CURRY,

DEALER IN

REAL ESTATE

AND OTHER INVESTMENTS.

OFFICE—NO. 4 CARTER'S BUILDING.

IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED CITY LOTS. LOTS in East Portland, and in Stephens' Addition to East Portland.

In Yamhill county, a tract of 3,000 acres—all plow-land—within daily communication by steamboat with Portland.

Marion county—A farm of 362 acres, within three miles of Butteville, with growing crop, five improvements, well stocked.

Boone's Ferry and Farm, on the Willamette, within 17 miles of Portland.

Steam Saw Mill with Double Circular Saws, Planing and Grooving Machine. Cuts 10,000 feet per day.

Valuable Timbered Lands, unimproved Lands and desirable Farms in various parts of the State. mr7dtf

Boots & Shoes.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS.

PACIFIC

BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

Corner First and Morrison Sts.,

HAVING OPENED OUR NEW STOCK OF

BOOTS,
SHOES,
GAITERS,
ETC., ETC.,

We are now prepared to furnish our customers with

THE BEST QUALITY OF GOODS

Of our own and Eastern Manufacture, at

VERY LOW PRICES.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

OF ALL KINDS AND STYLES.

We Always Have the Latest & Most Fashionable Styles on Hand.

PROTZMAN, GILLIHAN & CO.,

CORNER FIRST AND MORRISON STS.

fe7 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

FRESH ARRIVALS.

FLOWER SEEDS,

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT EVER OFFERED in the city of Portland Just Received Direct from Thorburn a Celebrated Gardens in New York City.

SWISS CHEESE,

Direct from Auld Switzerland.

Beet Sugar,

A FINE ARTICLE—Direct from the Refinery in San Francisco.

MACKINAU TROUT,

Direct from Mackinaw, Michigan.

Pickled Herring,

Direct from Holland.

Norway Oats.

Lately imported from Norway, yielding one hundred bushels from thirty pounds of seed sown.

These are some of the new things just received. Orders from abroad accompanied by cash or good reference solicited.

Goods carefully packed and put aboard of cars Free of Charge.

OATMAN & HACHENEY'S

Dealers in Oregon & California Produce, Tropical Fruits, Garden and Flower Seeds, Choice Wines and Liquors for Family use, and Groceries of Every Description.

fe24 dtf

FOR SALE.

Lots 2 and 4, Block 234, on Park street; in a very desirable location for a residence..... 1,800
1-2 Lot and Dwelling in Block 122..... 2,100
Block 60, East Portland..... 1,600
Lot 8, Block 112..... 5,000
Lots 1 and 4 in Park Block 2..... 4,250

ALSO,

Lots, Blocks and 5-acre tracts at KALAMA, and One-Acre Tracts at all the prominent points on PUGET SOUND.

For further particulars in relation to the above and for description and price of over ONE MILLION DOLLARS worth of other Property apply to

RUSSELL, FERRY & WOODWARD,

No. 100 Front St.
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AT

SNOW & ROOS'

NEW ART GALLERY

181 FIRST ST.,

CAN BE FOUND THE LARGEST AND FINEST Stock of

CHROMOS, ENGRAVINGS,

PICTURE FRAMES & MOULDINGS

Ever brought to the State of Oregon, all of which are offered at WHOLESALE PRICES.

N. B.—We guarantee to FRAME PICTURES in the VERY BEST STYLE of the art and at

LESS COST

Than any other establishment in Oregon. f27dtf

HAIR RESTORATIVE.

BALDNESS CURED

AYER'S HAIR RESTORATIVE THERE ARE NONE that will cure Baldness as well as the one invented by J. LOPER, of this city. 1y1s

Composed Entirely of Harmless Roots,

And in very instances in restoring the hair—in some instances in less than six weeks.

For further information and for the article apply to

J. LOPER,

No. 16 Morrison St., south side, between Front and First Sts.

This preparation has been used already by a good many people of this city and vicinity, and has proved satisfactory in reproducing the hair where it had been falling off. This Restorer does not change gray hair but restores hair to the bald head.

It can be procured at the Barber shop of
fe28d1m GEO. FLEIDNER, under the St. Charles Hotel.

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.

PORTLAND, OREGON

GEO. L. CURRY,

DEALER IN

REAL ESTATE

AND OTHER INVESTMENTS.

OFFICE—NO. 4 CARTER'S BUILDING.

IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED CITY LOTS. LOTS in East Portland, and in Stephens' Addition to East Portland.

In Yamhill county, a tract of 3,000 acres—all plow-land—within daily communication by steamboat with Portland.

Marion county—A farm of 362 acres, within three miles of Butteville, with growing crop, five improvements, well stocked.

Boone's Ferry and Farm, on the Willamette, within 17 miles of Portland.

Steam Saw Mill with Double Circular Saws, Planing and Grooving Machine. Cuts 10,000 feet per day.

Valuable Timbered Lands, unimproved Lands and desirable Farms in various parts of the State. mr7dtf

PORTLAND CANDY MANUFACTORY

ALISKY & HEGELE, Prop'rs.

Coffee & Oyster Saloon

FAMILIES SUPPLIED WITH OYSTERS AT

One Dollar per Hundred.

No. 107 FIRST ST., opp. Postoffice.
fe22dtf

Hawley Dodd & Co
Portland, Oregon
offer for sale at the lowest market price
Hardware Iron, Steel
and Agricultural Implements.

Exclusive sale for Oregon for
Buckeye (genuine) Mower & Reaper.
beware of bogus Buckeyes offered
for sale by other parties the genuine can
only be purchased in Portland of Hawley Dodd & Co

Haines Headers
improved for coming harvest.

Sweepstakes Threshers.
with new improvements the best machine in the
Market & equally improved Horse Rakes & Mowers.

SOLE AGENTS for the GENUINE MOLINE PLOW

BUCKEYE SEED DRILLS

THE MITCHELL WAGON.

Farm Wagons
exclusive sale for the Mitchell Wagon with
patent Round Reach. Something new
no other wagon has. We warrant
them the best wagon for sale in the State.
Send for descriptive Circulars.

WILLAMET

IRON WORKS CO.,

Corner of North Front and E streets, between Couch's Wharf and the Railroad Ferry Landing, Portland, Oregon,

MANUFACTURE

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,

SAW AND GRIST MILLS,
QUARTZ MILLS AND MINING MACHINERY,
CASTINGS FOR AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY,
TURBINE WATER WHEELS,
BUILDING FRONTS,
Iron and Brass Castings of all Descriptions.

The Largest and Best Assortment of PATTERNS North of San Francisco.

No charges made for the use of them.

Address WILLAMET IRON WORKS CO., Portland, Oregon.
mr11d6tf

THE GREAT

BLOOD PURIFIER.

An Infallible BLOOD PURIFIER, possessing rare TONIC and NERVINE properties—a certain cure for RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA, and all kindred Diseases.

It completely restores the system when impaired by disease, revives the action of the KIDNEYS and GENITAL ORGANS, radically cures SCROFULA, SALT RHEUM, and all ERUPTIVE and CUTANEOUS Diseases, gives immediate and permanent relief in DYSPEPSIA, ERYSIPELAS, Tumors, Boils, Scald Head, Ulcers and Sores; eradicates from the system all traces of Mercurial Disease.

It is PURELY VEGETABLE, being made from an herb found indigenous in California. It is therefore peculiarly suitable for use by Females and Children, as a BLOOD PURIFIER and RENOVATOR.

For Sale by all Druggists,

REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & CO.
AGENTS,
520 and 531 Market Street,
San Francisco

TO PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED AGENT FOR THE sale of Surgical Instruments and Appliances from the celebrated factory of

A. L. HERNSTEIN, New York,

I am prepared to fill orders at MANUFACTURERS' PRICES, and would call especial attention to the superior quality of these Instruments. I have also on hand a large and complete assortment of TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS, BANDAGES, ELASTIC SILK STOCKINGS, ARTIFICIAL EYES, POCKET CASES, etc., of my own importation, to which attention is invited.

Illustrated Price List of Instruments mailed to any address.

H. P. WAKELEE,

DRUGGIST,

CORNER MONTGOMERY AND BUSH STREETS

mr10d1m3p SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. aw2m

RAILROAD ERA!!

Carriage Making and Blacksmithing

DYER & BUNTING

CARRIAGE & BLACKSMITH SHOP

Cor. Second St., bet. Stark and Oak,
Old Livery Stable.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, INFLUENZA,

Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Liver Complaint, Broken Constitutions, Pulmonary Affections, and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, are speedily and surely relieved by

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

This well known remedy has been in use for many years, and has never failed to cure when taken according to directions, and still retains the confidence of the afflicted. Beware of counterfeits and worthless imitations. Be sure you get "Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry." Prepared only by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, Boston. Sold by all Druggists. REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & CO., San Francisco, and by dealers generally.

CONSUMPTION.—A VICTIM OF EARLY indiscretion, causing nervous debility, premature decay, &c., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has discovered a simple means of self cure, which he will send free to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 78 Nassau street, New York.

GENERALITIES.

The prettiest girls in Utah generally marry Young.

What is the greatest want of the age? Want of funds.

Avoid debt. He that pays down, will not be called upon to pay up.

Most of the shadows that cross our path through life are caused by our standing in our own light.

It is little troubles that wear the heart out. It is easier to throw a bomb-shell a mile than a feather—even with artillery.

A sharp man stopped at a Boston hotel and got supper and lodging, agreeing to kill all the rats on the premises to pay for his entertainment. In the morning the landlord asked him to go in and kill the rats, when the guest asked for an ax, after obtaining which he said: "Fetch on your rats, Mr. Landlord." He hadn't agreed to catch the rats, don't you see? Can't get much ahead of these Boston chaps.

A man having married a woman who had already had four husbands, was asked why he had become the fifth. He said: "I am of an adventurous disposition, and having heard that her first husband ran away, that the second hung himself, the third shot himself, and the fourth drowned himself, I wanted to try my luck, and see what would become of me; and I'm afraid," he added, with a sigh, "that I shan't have the pluck to do what any of my predecessors did."

Mrs. Woodhull 'Catches' Gen. Pleasanton in a Delicate Position.

[From the Cincinnati Commercial.]

The other day, General Pleasanton, a delicate, sensitive little gentlemen, was

DRESSING FOR DINNER.

He had divested himself of every garment except the one spoken of by Hood in that melancholy song called "The Song of the Shirt." He was sailing about under bare poles when he heard a knock at the door, and supposing it to be his man—who ought to have been there, and was not—he sang out, "Come in." To his utter consternation, a strong constitutional female known as Mrs. Woodhull, with a peaked hat and a man's overcoat, terminating in unmistakable extremities, stalked in. As she did not immediately walk out, but stood looking at the Commissioner of Internal Revenue in the abstract, the last named gentleman, biding behind an arm-chair, stuttered out, "Excuse me, madam?"

"I want to see you on business, General Pleasanton."

"Well, madam, won't you be so good as to come to my office. I am

NOT IN A CONDITION

to see any one on business just now, and I beg it you to depart and come to the Business Office.

"I don't care anything about your condition, General Pleasanton; but it is a matter of some importance that I wish to see you upon, and this is as good an opportunity as any."

"My God, madam," exclaimed the agitated Commissioner, shifting his financial person from one leg to the other, "won't you permit me to dress for dinner?"

"I have no objection to your dressing for dinner, but what I want to know is, what are you going to do about this

VANDERBUT CASE?

That Vanderbilt case is a great outrage, sir, and I can see that somebody is to be swindled out of half a million of dollars," and here followed a statement of the Vanderbilt case, that occupied just twenty minutes by the clock, and was very forcible and emphatic. At the end of it, when the strongminded constitutional Woodhull paused for breath, the Commissioner said:

"I don't know anything about the Vanderbilt case, madam. I have not looked at a single paper. I have not heard anything but what you have told me. I have not had time. My God, I don't get time to get on my breeches. I don't want to be rude, but I wish you would go away and let me dress."

At this moment a knock was heard at the door and

PLEASANTON RAISED LOUDER

than ever he gave command to a battalion, "Come in." The door opened, and the substantial figure and handsome face of our Commissioner appeared upon the entrance. So soon as he did this, the Commissioner shot from the rear of his arm-chair to the back of a sofa, and Aiden, thinking that he was intending upon some tender scene between the General and the female, beat a hasty retreat. But the Commissioner was not to be let down, and he run to the door jerked it open, and, with the tail end of his linen flying in the wind, seized Commodore Aiden and brought him back, when the cool and courageous Woodhull rose in a majestic manner and wished them a good day. Pleasanton sank exhausted into a chair and begged Aiden for a little brandy to try and rally from this tremendous attack of woman's rights upon him.

With the brief garment of a weak defence. He stood appalled."

HOW POOR PEOPLE LIVE.—Alexander II. gets $4,250,000 per annum or $23,000 per day, and has the run of his entire dominions, including half of Europe and one third of Asia.

Francis Joseph receives $4,000,000 annually or $10,954 per day, with a large allowance of beer. He has a small family, and the entertainment given Prussia proved so expensive that a little retrenchment has been found necessary. He has several places of residence in the city and country, out houses, stables, wood houses, etc., and is said to be very comfortably fixed up.

Frederick William is not paid quite as well as his neighbor over in Austria, but manages to scrape up appearances on $3,000,000 a year, or $8,219 per day. He is said to suffer for want of funds, and is forced to economize.

Victoria manages to get along in only on $1,000,000 a year, or $2,849 per day, but this is owing to the fact that the climate of England is has dominions he is unable to wear scolloped clothes.

Victoria receives only $2,000,000 a year, or $7,420 per day; but she owns several large farms, and her butter and milk command the highest price in London markets; besides, she supplies the first families with vaccine balm. She has married several of her daughters to men of fine incomes, who help to pay her little bills when she finds herself pressed for change.

Old Division of Time.

The ancient divisions of the day differed widely from the customs of our own time. The Chaldeans, Syrians, Persians and Indians began the day at sunrise, and divided the day and night into four parts. The division of the day into quarters was in use long before the division into hours.

The Chinese, who begin their day at midnight, and reckon to the midnight following, divide the interval into twelve hours, each equal to two of ours, and known by a name and particular figure.

In Egypt, the day was divided into unequal hours. The clock invented by Ctesibius, of Alexandria, B. C. 250, was so contrived as to lengthen or shorten the hours by the flowing water.

The Greeks divided the natural day into twelve hours—a practice derived from the Babylonians.

The Romans called the time between the rising and setting of the sun the natural day, and the time in the twenty-four hours the civil day. They began and ended their civil day at midnight, and took the practice from their ancient laws and customs and rites of religion, in use long before they had any idea of the division into hours.

The first sun dial seen at Rome was brought from Catania, in Sicily, in the first Punic war, as part of the spoils of that city; and after this period they divided the day into twenty-four hour. An officer called accensus, at one time proclaimed the hours, and, at the Bench of Justice, announced every three hours the time of day.

In the Turkish Empire, time is reckoned by portions of the natural day, resembling the watches of the ancient Jews and Romans. Public clocks not being in use, these divisions of time are proclaimed from the minarets.

Rescue Lodge No. 25, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Portland R. A. C. No. 2.—Regular Convocation on the second Thursday evening of each month at Masonic Hall, No. 16 North Front street.
By order of H. H. P.

Multnomah Tribe No. 3, I. O. R. M. holds regular Councils every Tuesday evening at the Eighth Run, at Oregon Wigwam, in Parrish's Building, corner Washington and Front Streets.
By order of THE SACHEM.

G. A. R.—Baker Post No. 1—Regular meetings on First and Third Saturday evenings of each month, at Nasmyth Hall, corner First and Madison sts. All comrades in good standing invited to attend.
By order of POST COMMANDER.

Multnomah Lodge No. 12, I. O. G. T.—Holds Regular Meetings at 8 o'clock on Saturday evenings of each week. All members in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W. O. T.

U. A. O. D.—Regular meetings of Marvin Grove No. 9, on Thursday evening of each week, at 7½ o'clock, in Druid's Hall, Front street, near Stark. Members of Sister Groves and sojourning Brethren are cordially invited to attend. W. N. UTTER, N. A.
DANIEL RUMEY, R. S. mr9tf

Harmony Lodge, No. 12, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communications on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings of each month. By order of the W. M.
fe2tdtf

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

PORTLAND, Monday, March 20, 1871.

Gold at New York, 111¾.

Currency quotations at Portland, 90¼@ buying and 91¾ selling.

Exchange on San Francisco—coin, ¼ of 1 per cent.; currency, ½ per cent.

Exchange on New York, 1½ per cent.; telegraph transfers, 1½ per cent.

Rates of interest unchanged, at 1@1½@2 per cent.

Oregon Bounty and Relief bonds, 85@87½c.

Shipping Intelligence.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—Arrived—Bark *Mendocino*, Seattle.

Domestic Produce—Jobbing Prices.

FLOUR—Standard brands, extra, ₩ bbl, $6 50; superfine, $6@5 50; fine, $4 75; good country brands $5.

GRAIN—WHEAT—Good, shipping, with sks, $1 25 ₩ bushel; OATS—$1 75 ₩ 100 lbs. BARLEY—$1 50@1 75 ₩ 90 lbs.

FEED—Bran, $17 00 ₩ ton; Middlings $35 00 ₩ ton; Shorts, $22 50 ₩ ton.

HAY—From wagon, $10 00@11 00 ₩ ton; baled, ₩ ton, $13 00.

POTATOES—Oregon, ₩ bushel, 60@75c.

ONIONS—Oregon, ₩ bushel $1 00@1 50. California, per 100 lbs., $3 00.

PROVISIONS—BACON—Sides, 14 cents; hams, 16c; Shoulders, 9@10c. BUTTER—Solid 35 cts, brine 40.. BEANS—White Pea 3½@4c; Red 2½c; Pink, 3½c; Small White, 3½c; Bayos, 3½; Butter, &c. LARD—Oregon, 10 ₩ cans, 14@15c; in bulk, 12@14 cts. MESS BEEF—₩ bbl, $18 00. MESS PORK—₩ bbl, $22 50. CHEESE—Oregon, 14@18c; California, 14@18c; Eastern, 20c. HIDES—22 cts ₩ doz. HORNS—₩ lb, 6c 6½c.

Domestic Produce—Buying Prices.

GRAIN—WHEAT—Good white, ₩ bu $1 17½; Red $1 12½.

OATS—₩ bushel, white 55.

CORN MEAL—W. W. ₩ 100 lbs, $3 50; country brands, $2 75@3 50.

FRUITS—APPLES—Green, ₩ bushel, 40@50c. Dried, ₩ lb, 6@7c. Packed, 6@6½c. PEACHES—Dried, ₩ lb, 12c.

HAY—From wagon, $10 00; baled, $13.

PROVISIONS—BACON—Sides, 12c. Hams—country sides; sugar cured 20@22c. SHOULDERS—7½@8½c. LARD—in tins 12½c; kegs, 12½c. EGGS—₩ doz., 22c. BUTTER—Extra fresh rolls, 35@37½c; choice brine, 30c; choice solid, 30@35. BEANS—₩ 100 lbs, $3 25@4 25, ordinary $2@3 50, cheese—10@18c.

POULTRY—CHICKENS—young, ₩ doz, $3 50@4 00; grown, $4 50@6 00. DUCKS, $5@6 00.

POTATOES—₩ bushel, 70@75c.

WOOL AND FURS—WOOL—₩ lb, 22c. FURS—Fisher, $1 50@2 00; Fox, cross, $1 00@3 00; do red, 75c @1 00; Martin, prime, dark, $2 50@3 00; do pale, $1 00 @1 50; Mink, dark northern, 25@50 $1 25; pale, 50@75; Muskrat, Hot Otter, prime, dark, $1 75@2 00; Sea Otter, $25 00@40 00; Coon, 12½@; Wolf, black, $1 50@2 00; do grey, 50@$1 00; Wild Cat, 25c; Black, 12½c; Fur Seal, $1 50@2 50; Beaver, dark, ₩ lb, 75@90c; Bear, black, $2 00@5 00; do brown, $2 00@2 50; Cat, 25c.

Wholesale and Jobbing Markets.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Complete goods—Gang Plows—Mason, $100; Pixl, $75; Rusks, $75; Skinner's, $80 to $90; Battley, $80 to $85; and $90; Gay's Hallock, $85. Seed Drills—Buckeye, 9 hoe, $120; 10 hoe ditto $125; Haverly, $75. Cultivators—$12 to $16. Walking Plows—Pearls, $12, $16, $17, $18; Moline, $14 00 to $17; Boston Clipper, $13, $14, to $16; Cast Steel, $20, firm. Fan Mills—$40 to $47 50. Cider Mills—Hutchinson, $27 50; Buckeye, two kinds, from $32 50 to $50.

BROOMS.—Keller's, Oregon, No. 1, $5 50 ₩ doz.; No. 2, $4 50 ₩ doz; No. 3, $3 50 ₩ doz.; California make, —Palmer & Gillespie's, No. 1, $5 50; No. 2, $4 50; No. 3, $3 50. Other makes—No. 1, $5 50; No. 2, $4 50; No. 3, $3 50.

BAGS AND BAGGING—Burlap bags, 2lbs 36, 1½ Gosch; 2lbs, 32@36, 1½ Dundee gunnies, 1½@; linen bagging, per yd, 11½c; burlap, per yd, 11½c.

BUILDING MATERIALS.—New Jersey Cement, ₩ bbl., $5 00; Knapp's, $4 50@5 00; Santa Cruz Lime, ₩ bbl., $2 50; San Juan do., $2 00; Calcine Plaster, $5 00; Land, $3 50. Lumber—Assorted rough fir, $14 @16; dressed, $22@25; flooring, $28@30; laths, $3 per M; cedar shingles, $2 50; rebated boards, dressed, $47 50@55; Eastern hardwood, $7@20d per foot.

CANDLES—Grant's, 19½; Emery's, 17@18c; Kelly's, 16c Star, 16½@17c; Ward's, 19c; Harkness', 22; Macy's 17@18c; Schmidt's, 17@18c; Grote's, 18c.

COFFEES—Rio, 19½@23c; Costa Rica, 19½@20; Java, 28@32; Java Prepared Java, 25@30; Chaffree, 24@25.

COAL—English Cannel, $23 ₩ ton; Blacksmiths $25; Cumberland, $30.

DRY GOODS.—Standard drills, 14½@15½; seconds, 12½; Stockings—Light 10½; medium, 11½@12; standard, 12½. Hosiery Hosiery, 7½@8; Bleached sheeting, 3-4, 6@8c; do, 7-8, 9@12c; do, 4-4, 10@ 20. Cotton checks, 13@20; linen checks, 18@25. Cotton twills, 9½@10. Cotton flannel, bleached, 18@20; do, brown, 12½@18. Cottonades, light, 20@22; do, heavy, 27@40. Denim, 12@20. Hickory stripes, 12@18. Standard Prints, 10½@; seconds, 8½c. Delaines, 18 Linseys, 20@30. Ticks, 7-8, 14½@20; do, 4-4, 20@ 30. Bear drak, 21. Table linens, damask, brown, 35@ 50; do, dam'k bleached, 40@$1 00. Napery linen, 30@37½. Seamless sacks, 25@35. Calipers, black, 25@35. Waterproof, 90@$1 15. Crash, 9@14.

DRUGS—Alum, 3½@6; borax, Eastern, 37½@40 cents blue vitriol, 18c; potash, Gushi, 11½ can per doz. $2 25; Rosin, per bbl, $8@12; saltpetre, Kegs, 10@25c; sulphur 8@11.

FRUITS, SAUCES, ETC.—Dried Apples—7½@8 cts per pound. Grapes—California, per box, $2 00@ 2 50; Raisins, new fresh layers, in boxes, $5 00; in half boxes, $2 25; in qr. boxes, $3 50; Currants, ₩ lb, 17c; Canned peaches, 41@42½; Assorted pie fruits, $4 25; Honey, in tins, $4 50, Green Corn, in cans, $3 25; Lobsters, in tins, $3 50@3 75; Oysters, Field's, $3 50; Saltcrayfish, $1 50; silver brands, $2 25@2 50; Tomato Catsup, in tins, $1 75; sauce, $2 25; Pepper sauce, $2 75@4 00.

HARDWARE AND IRON—Iron Axles, 9½@10½; Carriage Springs, 22@23; Axe Handles, $4 00@4 75; Pick do $7 @$4 50; Sledge do., $3 00@4 00; Bar Lead, 12½c; Sash Weights, 6½@7c; Window Glass, 8x10, $6 75@7 00; 10x12, $6 50@6 75; 10x14, $6 75@7 00; 12x16, $7 50@8 00; 14x20, $12 50; Window Glass, 16x24, $15 00; Nails, $4 50@5 00; Horse Shoes, 6½@7c; Mule Shoes, 7½@8c; Horse Nails, 30@35c; Rivets, 35@37½c; Iron, common bar, 5½@6c; Horse Shoe, 7½@8c; Nail Rod, 8½@9c; Plough Steel, 9½@10c; Cast Steel, 16@18c; Spring Steel, 12½@15c; Anvils, 14½@15c; Vices, 12½@15c; Hammers, 75c@$1 00; Files, 50@75c; Rasps, 75c@$1 00; Hatchets, $1 25@1 50; Hammers, $1 25@1 50; Hoes, $1 25@1 50; Spades, $1 50@1 75; Shovels, $1 50@1 75; Forks, $1 50@1 75; Axes, $1 50@1 75; Powder, $5 00@5 50; Shot, $2 00@2 25; Lead, 12½c; Caps, $1 00@1 25; Fuse, 50@75c; Rifles, $25@40; Shot Guns, $15@30; Pistols, $5@10; Cartridges, $1 00@1 25; Gun Wads, 50@75c; Gun Implements, 50@75c; Gun Stocks, $1 00@1 50; Gun Barrels, $3 00@4 00; Gun Locks, $1 00@1 50; Gun Mountings, $1 00@1 50; Powder Flasks, $1 00@1 50; Shot Pouches, $1 00@1 50; Game Bags, $1 00@1 50; Percussion Caps, 50@75c; Powder Horns, $1 00@1 50; Shot Belts, $1 00@1 50; Gun Slings, $1 00@1 50; Gun Covers, $1 00@1 50; Gun Tubes, $1 00@1 50; Gun Screws, $1 00@1 50; Gun Springs, $1 00@1 50; Gun Hammers, $1 00@1 50; Gun Triggers, $1 00@1 50; Gun Guards, $1 00@1 50; Gun Sights, $1 00@1 50; Gun Rods, $1 00@1 50; Gun Ramrods